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DNB BANK

– a company in the DNB Group

Third quarter report 2013

(UNAUDITED)

DNB



Financial highlights

DNB Bank Group					
Income statement	3rd quarter	3rd quarter	January - September	Full year	
<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	2013	2012	2013	2012	2012
Net interest income	7 944	6 919	22 410	20 375	27 557
<i>Net commissions and fees, core business ¹⁾</i>	1 275	1 160	3 785	3 567	4 768
<i>Net financial items</i>	2 017	1 811	5 923	4 870	7 079
Net other operating income, total	3 291	2 971	9 707	8 437	11 847
Total income	11 235	9 890	32 118	28 812	39 404
Operating expenses	4 753	4 680	14 215	14 073	19 084
Restructuring costs and non-recurring effects	233	51	847	60	42
Expenses relating to debt-financed structured products	0	0	450	0	0
Impairment losses for goodwill and intangible assets	0	85	0	85	85
Pre-tax operating profit before impairment	6 250	5 074	16 606	14 594	20 194
Net gains on fixed and intangible assets	2	20	(3)	63	(1)
Impairment of loans and guarantees	475	521	2 149	1 990	3 179
Pre-tax operating profit	5 777	4 572	14 454	12 668	17 013
Taxes	1 375	1 253	3 830	3 421	4 516
Profit from operations held for sale, after taxes	(7)	0	(5)	92	96
Profit for the period	4 395	3 319	10 619	9 339	12 593

Balance sheet	30 Sept.	31 Dec.	30 Sept.
<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	2013	2012	2012
Total assets	2 165 705	2 013 444	2 116 883
Loans to customers	1 342 531	1 308 864	1 319 229
Deposits from customers	934 477	819 945	850 652
Total equity	121 158	116 190	110 446
Average total assets	2 218 717	2 113 512	2 112 435

Key figures	3rd quarter	3rd quarter	January - September	Full year	
<i>Per cent</i>	2013	2012	2013	2012	2012
Return on equity, annualised	14.6	12.2	12.0	11.9	11.8
Combined weighted total average spread for lending and deposits	1.28	1.17	1.25	1.16	1.18
Cost/income ratio	44.4	47.8	48.3	49.1	48.5
Impairment relative to average net loans to customers, annualised	0.14	0.16	0.22	0.20	0.24
Common equity Tier 1 capital ratio, transitional rules, at end of period ²⁾	10.8	10.0	10.8	10.0	10.5
Tier 1 capital ratio, transitional rules, at end of period ²⁾	11.1	10.6	11.1	10.6	10.8
Capital ratio, transitional rules, at end of period ²⁾	13.1	12.3	13.1	12.3	12.4

1) Includes commissions and fees related to money transfers and interbank transactions, asset management services, credit broking, real estate broking, custodial services and securities trading as well as sale of insurance products and other commissions and fees from banking services.

2) Including 50 per cent of profit for the period, except for the full year figures.

There has been no full or partial external audit of the quarterly directors' report and accounts.

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Directors' report

Introduction

Third quarter 2013

The DNB Bank Group¹⁾ recorded profits of NOK 4 395 million in the third quarter of 2013, up NOK 1 076 million from the third quarter of 2012. Adjusted for the effect of basis swaps, there was a NOK 828 million rise in profits. Wider lending spreads were the main factor behind the rise in profits and contributed to the necessary build-up of capital to meet stricter capital requirements. In October, the Ministry of Finance issued new regulations regarding a counter-cyclical capital buffer of between 0 and 2.5 per cent. In addition, the Ministry announced new rules governing the weighting of banks' home mortgages in the capital adequacy calculations, while retaining the current transitional rules linked to the so-called Basel I floor. The requirements, which apply solely in Norway, entail that the banking group appears more weakly capitalised than its international competitors, even though this is not the case in real terms. Compliance with the requirements necessitates a further significant

increase in Tier 1 capital. The banking group's common equity Tier 1 capital has been increased by NOK 8.4 billion over the past twelve months. The common equity Tier 1 capital ratio, calculated according to the transitional rules, rose from 10.0 per cent in the third quarter of 2012 to 10.8 per cent, including 50 per cent of interim profits. Return on equity increased from 12.2 per cent to 14.6 per cent during the same period. Adjusted for the effect of basis swaps, return on equity was up from 13.7 to 15.2 per cent. The banking group is well capitalised, but will build additional capital organically in order to meet the authorities' requirements. Parallel to this, efforts to influence the regulatory framework will be continued.

The interest rate increases implemented during the first half of the year contributed to a 14.8 per cent increase in net interest income and a 0.41 percentage point widening of lending spreads from the third quarter of 2012. Adjusted for exchange rate movements, lending volumes remained virtually unchanged from end-September 2012. Deposit spreads remained narrow during the quarter, reflecting the low interest rate level and continued strong competition in the deposit market. Deposit spreads contracted by 0.16 percentage points from the third quarter of 2012. Average volume-weighted spreads were up 0.11 percentage points during this period.

Adjusted for the effect of basis swaps, other operating income was NOK 24 million lower than in the third quarter of 2012. There was a healthy trend in income from capital-light commissions and fees from banking operations and real estate broking.

1) DNB Bank ASA is a subsidiary of DNB ASA and part of the DNB Group. The DNB Bank Group, hereinafter called "the banking group", comprises the bank and the bank's subsidiaries. Other companies owned by DNB ASA, including DNB Livsforsikring, DNB Skadeforsikring and DNB Asset Management, are not part of the banking group. Operations in DNB ASA and the total DNB Group are not covered in this report but described in a separate report and presentation.

Adjusted for restructuring expenses and other non-recurring effects, operating expenses increased by 1.5 per cent from the third quarter of 2012. The average number of full-time positions was reduced by 941 from the third quarter of 2012.

At NOK 475 million, impairment losses on loans and guarantees were somewhat lower than in the third quarter of 2012 and close to half the figure for the second quarter of 2013. The reversal of collective impairment losses was the main factor behind the significant reduction from the second quarter of 2013, reflecting higher shipping freight rates, though there was also a decline in individual impairment.

The DNB Group is still the only Nordic bank that qualifies for inclusion in the Dow Jones Sustainability Index, DJSI. The DJSI is a global index that measures financial, environmental and social performance and comprises the top 10 per cent companies within each industry sector.

Results from a survey carried out by the analyst firm Socialbakers for the second quarter of 2013 showed that the DNB Group was among the best banks in the world with respect to response time on Facebook. In addition, the response rate was above 99 per cent. The good results are a consequence of the DNB Group's continuous efforts to ensure the best digital customer experience and contribute to a high level of customer satisfaction within the bank's young adult segment.

First three quarters 2013

The banking group recorded profits of NOK 10 619 million in the January through September period in 2013, up NOK 1 280 million from the corresponding period in 2012. Adjusted for the effect of basis swaps, there was a NOK 289 million increase. Wider lending spreads had a positive effect on profits, while narrower deposit spreads and non-recurring expenses related to the restructuring of the DNB Group's operations and to certain debt-financed structured products had a negative impact on profits.

Return on equity was 12.0 per cent, up from 11.9 per cent in the January through September period in 2012. Adjusted for the effect of basis swaps, return on equity was reduced from 13.7 to 12.5 per cent.

Wider lending spreads contributed to a rise in net interest income of NOK 2.0 billion or 10.0 per cent from the first three quarters of 2012. Average lending volumes increased by 1.2 per cent, while deposits were up 13.5 per cent during the same period. Deposit spreads narrowed by 0.21 percentage points due to the declining interest rate level and strong competition in the market. Average volume-weighted spreads widened by 0.08 percentage points during the period.

Other operating income was NOK 1 270 million higher than in the first three quarters of 2012. Adjusted for the effect of basis swaps, there was a decrease of NOK 107 million. The rise in profits reflected a strong trend in commissions and fees, which require little capital. The banking group is strongly committed to increasing such income.

Operating expenses rose by NOK 1 293 million from the first three quarters of 2012. Adjusted for non-recurring effects, including provisions relating to restructuring and certain debt-financed structured products, there was an increase of NOK 142 million or 1.0 per cent. Ordinary wage costs increased marginally compared with the first three quarters of 2012, and downsizing measures thus more than compensated for wage inflation during this period.

Impairment losses on loans and guarantees rose by NOK 160 million compared with the first three quarters of 2012. There was a reduction in impairment losses in the personal customer segment, while there was an increase in the shipping segment and for Nordic corporates. The higher impairment losses within shipping mainly reflected the sluggish market situation in certain tanker and dry bulk segments.

Income statement for the third quarter of 2013

Net interest income

Amounts in NOK million	3rd quarter		3rd quarter 2012
	2013	Change	
Net interest income	7 944	1 025	6 919
Lending and deposit spreads		950	
Lending and deposit volumes		10	
Exchange rate movements		77	
Long-term funding costs		34	
Commitment fees etc.		40	
Guarantee fund levy		(169)	
Other net interest income		83	

Net interest income rose by NOK 1 025 million or 14.8 per cent from the third quarter of 2012. Wider lending spreads were the main factor behind the increase, while narrower deposit spreads dampened growth. Average lending spreads increased by 0.41 percentage points, while deposit spreads decreased by 0.16 percentage points. Adjusted for exchange rate movements, loan volumes remained virtually unchanged from the third quarter of 2012 and during the first three quarters of 2013.

In 2013, the Norwegian authorities introduced permanent guarantee fund levies as one of several measures to strengthen the banking industry and reduce risk for customers. This gave a NOK 169 million increase in expenses for the quarter compared with the year-earlier period.

Net other operating income

Amounts in NOK million	3rd quarter		3rd quarter 2012
	2013	Change	
Net other operating income	3 291	320	2 971
Basis swaps		344	
Net other commissions and fees		108	
Net other gains on foreign exchange and interest rate instruments ¹⁾		4	
Real estate broking		21	
Changes in the value of investment property		(27)	
Profits from associated companies		(147)	
Other operating income		16	

1) Excluding guarantees and basis swaps.

Net other operating income increased by NOK 320 million from the third quarter of 2012. Adjusted for the effect of basis swaps, there was a NOK 24 million decrease in income. There was a healthy trend in income from capital-light commissions and fees. Such income from banking operations and real estate broking increased by a total of NOK 129 million. Profits from associated companies, primarily Eksportfinans, were reduced by NOK 147 million from the third quarter of 2012, reflecting a weaker development in the value of the portfolio in Eksportfinans that is guaranteed by the owners.

Operating expenses

Amounts in NOK million	3rd quarter		3rd quarter
	2013	Change	2012
Operating expenses	4 986	169	4 817
Non-recurring effects			
Restructuring costs – employees		36	
Other restructuring costs		163	
Sale of SalusAnsvær		(17)	
Impairment losses for goodwill		(85)	
Operating expenses excluding non-recurring effects	4 753	72	4 681
Income-related costs			
Ordinary depreciation on operational leasing		33	
Expenses related to operations			
Pension expenses		(50)	
IT expenses		92	
Other cost reductions		(2)	

Operating expenses were up NOK 169 million or 3.5 per cent from the third quarter of 2012. Adjusted for non-recurring expenses, including restructuring costs, the increase was reduced to NOK 72 million or 1.5 per cent. The average number of full-time positions was reduced by 941 during the corresponding period. Moreover, there was a reduction in pension expenses, partly due to staff reductions and changes in calculation assumptions, and a certain increase in IT expenses.

Impairment of loans and guarantees

Impairment losses on loans and guarantees totalled NOK 475 million, down NOK 46 million from the third quarter of 2012 and close to half the figure for the second quarter of 2013. Collective impairment showed the greatest reduction from the preceding quarter, reflecting higher shipping freight rates, though there was also a decline in individual impairment. Total impairment represented 0.14 cent of loans in the third quarter, which is below the long-term normalised level.

At NOK 674 million, individual impairment was virtually unchanged from the third quarter of 2012. Impairment declined within shipping, home mortgages and consumer finance, while there was a certain increase in most other segments.

Collective impairment losses of NOK 199 million were reversed during the quarter, compared with reversals of NOK 148 million in the year-earlier period. Collective impairment was NOK 345 million lower than in the second quarter of 2013, mainly reflecting higher shipping freight rates.

Net non-performing and doubtful loans and guarantees amounted to NOK 22.9 billion at end-September 2013, up from NOK 19.6 billion at end-September 2012, but down from NOK 23.3 billion at end-June 2013. Net non-performing and doubtful loans and guarantees represented 1.7 per cent of the loan portfolio, up 0.23 percentage points from end-September 2012, but virtually unchanged from end-June 2013.

Taxes

The banking group's tax charge for the third quarter of 2013 was NOK 1 375 million, up from NOK 1 253 million in the year-earlier period. Relative to pre-tax operating profits, the estimated tax charge was approximately 23.8 per cent. The tax charge was lower than in previous quarters due to exchange rate movements.

Segments

Financial governance in the banking group is geared to the different customer segments. The follow-up of total customer relationships and segment profitability are two important dimensions when making strategic priorities and deciding where to allocate the banking group's resources. Special product areas are responsible for the production and development of key products and for ensuring that the banking group has good and effective products and services tailored to the needs of the various customer segments. Reported figures for the different segments will reflect the banking group's total sales of products and services to the relevant customer segments.

Personal customers

This segment includes the banking group's 2.1 million personal customers in Norway.

Pre-tax operating profits totalled NOK 2 357 million in the third quarter of 2013, an increase of NOK 718 million from the third quarter of 2012, which reflected wider lending margins. The quality of the loan portfolio was sound, with a reduction in non-performing and doubtful loans and low impairment losses.

Personal customers	3rd quarter		Change	
	2013	2012	NOK mill	%
<i>Income statement in NOK million</i>				
Net interest income	3 439	2 692	746	27.7
Net other operating income	1 058	986	72	0.7
Total income	4 497	3 679	818	22.2
Operating expenses	2 104	1 964	140	7.1
Pre-tax operating profit before impairment	2 393	1 714	679	39.6
Impairment loss on loans and guarantees	22	75	(53)	(70.5)
Profit from repossessed operations	(13)	0	(13)	0.0
Pre-tax operating profit	2 357	1 639	718	43.8
Taxes	660	459	201	43.8
Profit from operations held for sale	(5)	0	(5)	0.0
Profit for the period	1 693	1 180	513	43.4

Average balance sheet items in NOK billion

Net loans to customers	652.1	623.9	28.2	4.5
Deposits from customers	346.1	327.2	18.9	5.8

Key figures in per cent

Lending spread ¹⁾	2.52	1.82
Deposit spread ¹⁾	(0.56)	(0.20)
Return on allocated capital ²⁾	39.7	27.9
Cost/income ratio	46.8	52.1
Ratio of deposits to loans	53.1	52.5

1) Calculated relative to the 3-month money market rate.

2) Calculated on the basis of allocated capital, which corresponds to the external capital adequacy requirement which must be met by the DNB Group.

The first three quarters of 2013 were characterised by moderate increases in both loans and deposits. Loans to personal customers were up 4.5 per cent compared with the year-earlier period, while there was an increase of a 0.3 per cent from the second to the third quarter of 2013. Deposits increased by 5.8 per cent from the third quarter of 2012, and the ratio of deposits to net loans was 53.1 per cent.

Net interest income rose by 27.7 per cent from the third quarter of 2012. The banking group has given priority to increasing spreads in order to meet stricter capital requirements. The volume-weighted interest rate spread widened by 0.33 percentage points from the third quarter of 2012 and by 0.07 percentage points from the second quarter of 2013.

DNB Eiendom recorded a 19.3 per cent increase in income from the third quarter of 2012, which contributed to an increase in net other operating income for the period.

Adjusted for non-recurring expenses relating to the restructuring of the branch network and the effects of the sale of SalusAnsvar, operating expenses increased by NOK 123 million or 6.3 per cent compared with the year-earlier period. The number of full-time positions was 3 354 at end-September 2013, with 700 in subsidiaries.

A large share of loans to personal customers represents well-secured home mortgages entailing low risk. Net impairment of loans was reduced by NOK 53 million from the third quarter of 2012 and represented 0.01 per cent of net loans, down from 0.05 per cent in the third quarter of 2012.

Fierce competition for home mortgage customers has affected the market share of credit to households, which stood at 27.2 per cent at end-August 2013. The market share of savings was 34.0 per cent at the same time. At end-September 2013, DNB Eiendom had a market share of 19.4 per cent.

The banking group is facilitating greater use of self-service solutions, entailing continuous adaptation of the distribution network. Thus far in 2013, 33 bank branches have been closed or merged.

The Ministry of Finance has increased the capital required to back banks' home mortgages. The resulting consequences and measures to satisfy this requirement will be further assessed.

Small and medium-sized enterprises

This segment includes the banking group's 217 000 small and medium-sized corporate customers.

Pre-tax operating profits came to NOK 816 million in the third quarter of 2013, up NOK 14 million or 1.7 per cent from the third quarter of 2012, reflecting a strong rise in income.

Small and medium-sized enterprises	3rd quarter		Change	
<i>Income statement in NOK million</i>	2013	2012	NOK mill	%
Net interest income	1 565	1 475	90	6.1
Net other operating income	248	215	33	1.5
Total income	1 813	1 690	123	7.3
Operating expenses	844	809	35	4.4
Pre-tax operating profit before impairment	969	881	88	10.0
Impairment loss on loans and guarantees	161	74	87	117.4
Profit from repossessed operations	8	(5)	13	0.0
Pre-tax operating profit	816	802	14	1.7
Taxes	228	225	4	1.7
Profit for the period	587	577	10	1.7

Average balance sheet items in NOK billion

Net loans to customers	206.2	205.9	0.3	0.1
Deposits from customers	148.3	145.0	3.3	2.3

Key figures in per cent

Lending spread ¹⁾	2.77	2.51		
Deposit spread ¹⁾	(0.09)	(0.01)		
Return on allocated capital ²⁾	11.4	13.1		
Cost/income ratio	46.5	47.8		
Ratio of deposits to loans	71.9	70.4		

1) Calculated relative to the 3-month money market rate.

2) Calculated on the basis of allocated capital, which corresponds to the external capital adequacy requirement which must be met by the DNB Group.

Net loans to customers were roughly on a level with the third quarter of 2012. Following declining lending volumes towards the end of 2012, there was a moderate increase in loans to small and medium-sized enterprises during the first nine months of 2013. Average deposits increased by 2.3 per cent from the third quarter of 2012.

In consequence of the interest rate increases implemented in the first quarter of 2013, there was a rise in net interest income. Net other operating income also showed a positive trend.

The rise in expenses from the third quarter of 2012 is mainly a result of increased depreciation on operational leasing in DNB Finans. At end-September 2013, staff represented 763 full-time positions, a reduction of 43 full-time positions from end-December 2012.

The quality of the loan portfolios is considered to be sound. The close follow-up of customers and preventive measures are vital to ensuring satisfactory quality. Net impairment of loans totalled NOK 161 million in the third quarter of 2013. On an annual basis, this represents 0.31 per cent of net loans. Impairment losses rose from a relatively low level in the third quarter of 2012, but were NOK 19 million lower than in the second quarter of 2013.

Moderate credit growth is anticipated in the market in the period ahead, and the banking group expects to record lending growth on a level with the banking market in general. Impairment losses on loans are expected to remain low.

Large corporates and international customers

This segment includes large Norwegian and international corporate customers and all customers served by the banking group's subsidiary banks in the Baltics, Poland and Russia. Operations are based on sound industry expertise and long-term customer relationships.

Pre-tax operating profits came to NOK 2 434 million in the third quarter of 2013, up NOK 277 million or 12.8 per cent from the third quarter of 2012.

Large corporates and international customers	3rd quarter		Change	
<i>Income statement in NOK million</i>	2013	2012	NOK mill	%
Net interest income	2 957	2 792	166	5.9
Net other operating income	1 048	1 053	(5)	(0.0)
Total income	4 006	3 845	161	4.2
Operating expenses	1 254	1 314	(61)	(4.6)
Pre-tax operating profit before impairment	2 752	2 530	221	8.8
Net gains on fixed and intangible assets	1	(1)	2	(30.6)
Impairment loss on loans and guarantees	304	310	(6)	(2.0)
Profit from repossessed operations	(16)	(63)	47	0.0
Pre-tax operating profit	2 434	2 157	277	12.8
Taxes	730	630	100	15.9
Profit for the period	1 704	1 527	177	11.6

Average balance sheet items in NOK billion

Net loans to customers	465.5	480.7	(15.3)	(3.2)
Deposits from customers	356.2	311.3	44.9	14.4

Key figures in per cent

Lending spread ¹⁾	2.15	1.97		
Deposit spread ¹⁾	(0.19)	(0.16)		
Return on allocated capital ²⁾	12.4	12.5		
Cost/income ratio	31.3	34.2		
Ratio of deposits to loans	76.5	64.8		

1) Calculated relative to the 3-month money market rate.

2) Calculated on the basis of allocated capital, which corresponds to the external capital adequacy requirement which must be met by the DNB Group.

Due to weaker demand in some segments combined with strategic portfolio adjustments and active use of the bond market, there was a reduction in loans from the third quarter of 2012. Compared with the second quarter of 2013, lending volumes increased by 1.9 per cent or NOK 8.6 billion. Deposits rose by 14.4 per cent from the third quarter of 2012.

A 0.18 percentage points widening of average lending spreads relative to the 3-month money market rate from the third quarter of 2012 helped raise net interest income. Deposit spreads declined by 0.03 percentage points from the third quarter of 2012 and were virtually unchanged from the second quarter of 2013.

Operating expenses were reduced by 4.6 per cent from the third quarter of 2012, reflecting efforts to optimise resource utilisation in the segment, including the restructuring of operations in Poland.

Net impairment of loans and guarantees represented 0.26 per cent of net loans to customers, of which individual impairment represented 0.43 per cent. In the third quarter of 2012, individual impairment came to 0.40 per cent of net loans.

The quality of the loan portfolio is considered to be sound. Targeted efforts are being made to retain the level of quality through close follow-up of customers and preventive measures. Net non-performing and doubtful loans and guarantees amounted to NOK 16.7 billion at end-September 2013, a reduction of NOK 0.8 billion from end-June 2013 and an increase of NOK 2.9 billion from end-September 2012. These changes are mainly attributable to a few large shipping loans which are being closely monitored.

With respect to large corporates and international customers, the banking group will give priority to strong, long-term and profitable customer relationships and on further developing key customer segments. The banking group's wide range of products and expertise will contribute to strengthening customer relationships and form the basis for operations over the coming years. Lending spreads are under increasing pressure, though repricing in certain segments could give a certain increase in spreads for the total portfolio. Competition for stable customer deposits will prevail and put continued pressure on deposits spreads.

Trading

This segment comprises market making and proprietary trading in fixed income, foreign exchange and commodity products, as well as equities, including the hedging of market risk inherent in customer transactions. Customer activities are supported by trading activities. Pre-tax operating profits came to NOK 449 million in the third quarter of 2013, down NOK 492 million from the year-earlier period.

Trading	3rd quarter		Change	
<i>Income statement in NOK million</i>	2013	2012	NOK mill	%
Net interest income	140	146	(6)	(4.1)
Net other operating income	525	1 016	(491)	(48.3)
Total income	665	1 161	(497)	(42.8)
Operating expenses	216	220	(4)	(2.0)
Pre-tax operating profit	449	941	(492)	(52.3)
Taxes	130	273	(143)	(52.3)
Profit for the period	318	668	(350)	(52.3)

Key figures in per cent

Cost/income ratio	32.5	19.0
Return on allocated capital ¹⁾	8.1	6.3

1) Calculated on the basis of allocated capital, which corresponds to the external capital adequacy requirement which must be met by the DNB Group.

Revenues from market making and other proprietary trading were NOK 665 million in the third quarter of 2013. There was a NOK 497 million reduction from the third quarter of 2012, which was characterised by high capital gains on bonds.

Funding, liquidity and balance sheet

Throughout the third quarter, the short-term funding markets were generally sound for banks with good credit ratings. An increasing number of banks were regarded as financially strong, and the banking group was still among these banks. The long-term funding markets were also strong throughout the quarter. The prices of both senior and covered bonds remained stable at a relatively favourable level. An improvement in the US economy could result in further signals from the US central bank, the Fed, to reduce its quantitative stimulus. In turn, this could trigger renewed interest rate turmoil in the markets for the remainder of the year.

In order to keep the banking group's liquidity risk at a low level, short-term and long-term liquidity risk limits have been established. Among other things, this implies that customer loans are financed through customer deposits, long-term securities and primary capital. The banking group stayed well within the liquidity limits during the third quarter of 2013. The average remaining term to maturity for the long-term funding portfolio was 4.5 years at end-September 2013, compared with 4.6 years a year earlier.

Total assets in the banking group's balance sheet were NOK 2 166 billion as at 30 September 2013 and NOK 2 117 billion a year earlier.

Net loans to customers increased by NOK 23 billion or 1.8 per cent from end-September 2012. There was a rise in customer deposits of NOK 84 billion or 9.9 per cent during the same period. The ratio of customer deposits to net loans to customers increased from 64.5 per cent at end-September 2012 to 69.6 per cent at end-September 2013. Excluding a few large, short-term deposits, the ratio of deposits to net loans was up from 60.8 per cent to 64.3 per cent during the same period. The ratio of deposits to net loans in DNB Bank ASA was 127.5 per cent at end-September 2013, reflecting that all loans which were not carried in the books of DNB Boligkreditt were financed through customer deposits

Risk and capital adequacy

The weak developments in the global economy have affected the banking group's risk situation for several years. Thus far this year, there has been a positive trend, though no significant upswing is expected. The growth in Mainland Norway's GDP is in the process of abating, and businesses will probably not benefit to the same degree from developments in the petroleum and housing markets in the period ahead. This may have a negative impact on risk in the banking group's Norwegian operations, though from a very favourable basis.

The banking group quantifies risk by measuring risk-adjusted capital requirements. The net risk-adjusted capital requirement declined by NOK 0.2 billion from the second to the third quarter of 2013, to NOK 69.6 billion. The table below shows developments in the risk-adjusted capital requirement.

Developments in the risk-adjusted capital requirement

	30 Sept. 2013	30 June 2013	31 Dec. 2012	30 Sept. 2012
<i>Amounts in NOK billion</i>				
Credit risk	59.0	59.8	59.1	60.0
Market risk	7.4	7.3	7.5	6.1
Operational risk	8.3	7.9	7.4	7.4
Business risk	4.2	4.2	4.0	4.0
Gross risk-adjusted capital requirement	78.9	79.2	78.1	77.5
Diversification effect ¹⁾	(9.2)	(9.4)	(8.7)	(8.9)
Net risk-adjusted capital requirement	69.6	69.9	69.4	68.7
Diversification effect in per cent of gross risk-adjusted capital requirement ¹⁾	11.7	11.8	11.2	11.5

1) *The diversification effect refers to the risk-mitigating effect achieved by the banking group by having operations which are affected by different types of risk where unexpected losses are unlikely to occur at the same time.*

The risk-adjusted capital requirement for credit declined by NOK 0.8 billion during the July through September period, which mainly reflected less exposure in the shipping segment. Non-performing and doubtful loans and guarantees were reduced by NOK 0.4 billion during the quarter. There was stable, sound credit quality in the healthy portfolio. The banking group's home mortgage portfolio remains sound, with few non-performing loans and low impairment losses. The reduced growth in the Norwegian economy in 2013 has thus far had no negative impact on the quality of the banking group's loan portfolio.

There were no changes in market risk limits during the quarter, and the total risk level increased moderately.

Few operational risk events were registered during the third quarter, entailing low losses. However, the operational stability of the banking group's IT systems represented a major challenge, and the associated risk is being monitored closely.

Risk-weighted volume included in the calculation of the formal capital adequacy requirement declined by NOK 4.3 billion from the second to the third quarter of 2013, to NOK 1 004.9 billion. In the third quarter of 2013, risk-weighted volume could not be less than 80 per cent of the corresponding figure calculated according to the Basel I regulations. The common equity Tier 1 capital ratio was 10.8 per cent, while the capital adequacy ratio was 13.1 per cent, including 50 per cent of interim profits. If 75 per cent of interim profits is included, the common equity Tier 1 capital ratio will be 11.0 per cent and the capital adequacy ratio 13.4 per cent.

Calculations have also been made of full future implementation of the Basel II rules for all of the banking group's credit portfolios, excluding those in the Baltics and Poland, disregarding the limitations ensuing from the transitional rules. The calculations showed a pro forma risk-weighted volume of NOK 872 billion and a potential common equity Tier 1 capital ratio of 12.4 per cent. Under Basel III, based on the banking group's interpretation of the draft regulations, the common equity Tier 1 capital ratio would have been 12.0 per cent at end-September 2013. These calculations do not reflect the increase in the minimum requirement for the LGD parameter, see further description in the chapter on the new regulatory framework.

The capital requirements are described in further detail in the chapter on the new regulatory framework.

Macroeconomic developments

During the second quarter of 2013, economic growth in Norway slowed down and Mainland Norway's GDP increased by a mere 0.2 per cent. Interviews with companies in Norges Bank's regional network in August indicate a further slowdown in the Norwegian economy from the second to the third quarter. According to the survey, activity growth among oil industry suppliers weakened, but from very high levels in the preceding quarters. The construction industry also suffered reduced growth, while there was an increase from very low activity levels in the export industry and domestically-oriented industries. According to the business survey, activity growth for household services has virtually been brought to a halt. Capacity utilisation decreased in all industries, and an increasing number of companies cited labour supply as a production constraint, especially in the construction industry. The business barometer prepared by the Confederation of Norwegian Enterprise (NHO) for the third quarter also shows that the Norwegian economy has decelerated. Figures from the Norwegian Labour and Welfare Administration confirm the weakening of the labour market. In September, the number of persons who were totally unemployed or participated in labour market measures increased by 1 300 to 88 340 on a seasonally adjusted basis. There was an increase of 6 200 persons from end-December 2012, and the number of unemployed is at its highest since November 2010.

After declining for six consecutive quarters, the eurozone's GDP once again showed a positive trend in the second quarter of 2013, rising by 0.3 per cent. There was a pronounced increase in both Germany and France, while the GDP of the large Southern European countries was further reduced. Overall, private consumption increased somewhat in the eurozone after declining for several consecutive quarters. Rising net exports and public consumption were other factors behind the GDP increase. There were clear signs of reduced imbalances in a number of countries in Southern Europe, though the situation remains difficult. The labour market in the eurozone showed cautious signs of improvement, with 5 000 fewer unemployed in August and a stable unemployment rate of 12.0 per cent. In Germany, however, the unemployment rate was up 0.1 percentage points in September, to 6.9 per cent.

In the US, the annual GDP growth rate was 2.5 per cent in the second quarter of 2013, reflecting a positive trend in private consumption and private investment, while public expenditure developments had a negative effect on growth. In September 2013, the US central bank, the Fed, decided to continue to buy securities for USD 85 billion per month to stimulate the economy and keep interest rates low. According to the Fed, the economy continues to gain strength, though it wants to see further proof of a lasting economic recovery before adjusting its securities purchases. The central bank fears that the recent increases in long-term interest rates will dampen the economic upswing.

According to DNB Markets' forecasts, Norway will experience a so-called soft landing, with an annual increase in Mainland Norway's GDP of approximately 2 per cent over the next few years and a slight increase in unemployment figures. Housing prices are expected to level off in 2014 and to decline somewhat in 2015 and 2016, though no significant reductions are expected. According to the OECD's international forecasts, there will be more sluggish economic growth in a number of emerging economies, including Brazil and India. The UK and US economies appear to be recovering, continued growth is expected in Germany, and the Italian economy shows improvement and renewed growth. In China, growth appears to be stabilising after having declined since the fourth quarter of 2012. This is underpinned by the latest Chinese key figures for exports, retail trade and investments.

New regulatory framework

The EU's new capital adequacy regulations for credit institutions and investment firms, the Capital Requirements Regulation and the Capital Requirements Directive (CRR and CRD IV), will enter into force on 1 January 2014. The regulations are based on the Basel Committee's recommendations on new and stricter capital and liquidity standards, Basel III. The Norwegian authorities have chosen to introduce the capital requirements earlier than on the implementation date specified in the international regulations. The new legislation became effective as early as on 1 July 2013 and requires a common equity Tier 1 capital ratio of minimum 9 per cent and a capital adequacy ratio of 12.5 per cent. The common equity Tier 1 capital requirement will be gradually increased to 12 per cent by 1 July 2016. Certain other countries, including Sweden and Switzerland, have also chosen earlier implementation of the capital requirements. However, there are significant differences in the way the requirements will be implemented.

In addition to the above-mentioned capital requirements and in compliance with the Basel III regulatory framework, Norway will also introduce a so-called counter-cyclical capital buffer of between 0 and 2.5 per cent common equity Tier 1 capital. On 4 October 2013, the Norwegian Ministry of Finance issued regulations on a counter-cyclical capital buffer, which will enter into force on 15 October. According to plan, Norges Bank will issue advice about the capital buffer level and introduction dates in December 2013. The buffer will be finally determined by the Ministry of Finance, and the banks will normally have to comply with the requirement within 12 months.

On 13 October 2013, the Ministry of Finance also determined rules for the weighting of banks' home mortgages in capital adequacy calculations. The Ministry will increase the minimum requirement for the model parameter "loss given default", LGD, from 10 to 20 per cent in the capital adequacy regulations. According to the new EU regulations, the minimum LGD requirement will also apply to branches of international banks. Prevailing rules relating to the so-called Basel I floor will be retained. To the banking group, this implies that the average risk weight on home mortgages will increase from 11.4 to 17.8 per cent. Nevertheless, the Basel I floor will still represent the actual limit for banks' risk-weighted assets. For the banking group, the Basel I floor will result in an actual risk weight of as much as 40 per cent on home mortgages. The changes will enter into force on 1 January 2014.

The banking group is working to be ready to meet the new requirements in the various areas, while emphasising the strong need for international harmonisation of the rules. Up until the final regulations are in place, the banking group's activities will be gradually adapted to the new requirements.

Future prospects

There appears to be a more positive economic trend in Europe, while economic growth in Norway is abating. An economic upturn in Europe could help dampen the slowdown in Norway. According to DNB Markets' forecasts, Norway will experience a so-called soft landing, with a continued GDP increase and no material negative trend in housing prices during the coming year.

In consequence of the interest rate increases implemented for personal and corporate customers, interest income has reached a higher level. Due to weaker market developments, volumes are expected to show a less favourable trend than forecast, especially in the corporate market. Cost measures which, among other things, result in lower staff levels will help the banking group maintain a stable level of operating expenses, excluding restructuring expenses. Impairment losses on loans are expected to show a moderate trend during the remainder of the year, whereby total impairment for 2013 may end up at the lower end of the interval NOK 3-4 billion.

The requirements regarding higher risk weights on home mortgages have now been defined and will result in a strict, specifically Norwegian capital requirement. On a comparable basis, Norwegian banks will also appear to be less capitalised than international banks. The introduction of a counter-cyclical capital buffer could further reinforce this impression. Overall, the new capital requirements will require a significant further increase in Tier 1 capital. The banking group is well capitalised, but will build additional capital organically in accordance with the authorities' requirements.

Oslo, 23 October 2013
The Board of Directors of DNB Bank ASA

Anne Carine Tanum
(chairman)

Jarle Berge
(vice-chairman)

Sverre Finstad

Vigdis Mathisen

Kai Nyland

Torill Rambjør

Kim Wahl

Rune Bjerke
(group chief executive)

Income statement

Amounts in NOK million	Note	DNB Bank ASA				
		3rd quarter 2013	3rd quarter 2012	January - September 2013 2012		Full year 2012
Total interest income	5	10 812	11 999	32 273	36 530	48 562
Total interest expenses	5	5 341	6 562	16 190	20 246	26 391
Net interest income	5	5 472	5 437	16 083	16 284	22 170
Commission and fee income etc.	6	1 425	1 265	4 129	3 947	5 393
Commission and fee expenses etc.	6	523	494	1 484	1 507	2 003
Net gains on financial instruments at fair value	7	1 224	1 756	3 938	5 926	7 413
Other income	9	2 016	1 093	5 244	2 809	4 662
Net other operating income		4 142	3 619	11 827	11 175	15 465
Total income		9 614	9 057	27 910	27 459	37 636
Salaries and other personnel expenses	10, 11	2 169	2 085	6 673	6 094	8 229
Other expenses	10	1 616	1 454	5 032	4 326	5 953
Depreciation and impairment of fixed and intangible assets	10	433	469	1 397	1 265	1 876
Total operating expenses	10	4 219	4 008	13 101	11 685	16 058
Pre-tax operating profit before impairment		5 395	5 048	14 809	15 774	21 577
Net gains on fixed and intangible assets		16	0	7	(1)	(2)
Impairment of loans and guarantees	15	161	521	1 557	2 009	3 195
Pre-tax operating profit		5 249	4 527	13 259	13 764	18 380
Taxes		1 249	1 270	3 540	3 854	4 958
Profit for the period		4 000	3 257	9 719	9 910	13 423

Comprehensive income statement

Amounts in NOK million	DNB Bank ASA				
	3rd quarter 2013	3rd quarter 2012	January - September 2013 2012		Full year 2012
Profit for the period	4 000	3 257	9 719	9 910	13 423
Actuarial gains and losses ¹⁾	(463)	(36)	43	(108)	3 333
Tax on actuarial gains and losses	130	10	(12)	30	(912)
Other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax	(333)	(26)	31	(78)	2 421
Currency translation of foreign operations	81	(49)	369	(96)	(183)
Other comprehensive income that may subsequently be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax	81	(49)	369	(96)	(183)
Other comprehensive income for the period	(252)	(75)	400	(174)	2 238
Comprehensive income for the period	3 748	3 182	10 119	9 737	15 661

1) Pension commitments and pension funds in the defined-benefit schemes were recalculated in the second and third quarter of 2013. Calculations for the third quarter have been updated with new calculation assumptions as at 31 August 2013 in accordance with guidance notes from the Norwegian Accounting Standards Board, and with a new mortality table, K2013.

Balance sheet

		DNB Bank ASA		
<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	Note	30 Sept. 2013	31 Dec. 2012	30 Sept. 2012
Assets				
Cash and deposits with central banks		398 981	296 158	364 635
Due from credit institutions	12, 13, 14	208 403	208 646	226 563
Loans to customers	12, 13, 14, 15, 16	703 125	713 743	692 744
Commercial paper and bonds at fair value	13	271 899	241 728	215 804
Shareholdings	13	10 285	9 864	8 075
Financial derivatives	13, 14	100 743	120 511	124 449
Commercial paper and bonds, held to maturity	12, 18	66 059	71 288	104 704
Investments in associated companies		1 080	1 141	1 140
Investments in subsidiaries		67 848	49 896	43 471
Intangible assets	19	3 899	3 999	3 435
Deferred tax assets		702	630	3
Fixed assets		6 847	6 575	6 077
Other assets		19 934	12 662	19 329
Total assets		1 859 804	1 736 840	1 810 429
Liabilities and equity				
Due to credit institutions	12, 13, 14	305 232	283 093	302 446
Deposits from customers	12, 13, 14	896 184	787 245	802 362
Financial derivatives	13, 14	101 266	92 653	95 305
Debt securities issued	12, 13, 20	382 639	414 998	445 288
Payable taxes		3 775	4 253	3 416
Deferred taxes		1 319	1 405	1 637
Other liabilities		23 235	23 015	22 439
Provisions		1 843	643	555
Pension commitments		3 282	3 353	6 711
Subordinated loan capital	12, 13, 20	25 819	21 090	25 796
Total liabilities		1 744 592	1 631 746	1 705 954
Share capital		18 314	18 314	18 314
Share premium reserve		19 895	19 895	19 895
Other equity		77 004	66 885	66 265
Total equity		115 213	105 094	104 475
Total liabilities and equity		1 859 804	1 736 840	1 810 429
Off-balance sheet transactions, contingencies and post-balance sheet events	24			

Income statement

DNB Bank Group						
<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	Note	3rd quarter 2013	3rd quarter 2012	January - September 2013	September 2012	Full year 2012
Total interest income	5	15 436	16 045	45 237	48 453	63 560
Total interest expenses	5	7 492	9 126	22 827	28 078	36 003
Net interest income	5	7 944	6 919	22 410	20 375	27 557
Commission and fee income etc.	6	1 662	1 522	4 777	4 688	6 302
Commission and fee expenses etc.	6	546	516	1 550	1 575	2 083
Net gains on financial instruments at fair value	7	1 249	933	3 661	2 551	3 899
Profit from companies accounted for by the equity method	8	99	246	244	612	789
Net gains on investment property		(23)	4	(7)	(324)	(340)
Other income	9	849	783	2 582	2 486	3 281
Net other operating income		3 291	2 971	9 707	8 437	11 847
Total income		11 235	9 890	32 118	28 812	39 404
Salaries and other personnel expenses	10, 11	2 566	2 525	7 881	7 412	9 878
Other expenses	10	1 941	1 771	6 090	5 409	7 343
Depreciation and impairment of fixed and intangible assets	10	479	521	1 540	1 397	1 990
Total operating expenses	10	4 986	4 817	15 511	14 218	19 211
Pre-tax operating profit before impairment		6 250	5 074	16 606	14 594	20 194
Net gains on fixed and intangible assets		2	20	(3)	63	(1)
Impairment of loans and guarantees	15	475	521	2 149	1 990	3 179
Pre-tax operating profit		5 777	4 572	14 454	12 668	17 013
Taxes		1 375	1 253	3 830	3 421	4 516
Profit from operations held for sale, after taxes		(7)	0	(5)	92	96
Profit for the period		4 395	3 319	10 619	9 339	12 593

Comprehensive income statement

DNB Bank Group					
<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	3rd quarter 2013	3rd quarter 2012	January - September 2013	September 2012	Full year 2012
Profit for the period	4 395	3 319	10 619	9 339	12 593
Actuarial gains and losses ¹⁾	(463)	(38)	43	(115)	3 437
Tax on actuarial gains and losses	130	11	(12)	32	(941)
Other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax	(333)	(27)	31	(82)	2 496
Currency translation of foreign operations	119	(65)	318	(104)	(193)
Other comprehensive income that may subsequently be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax	119	(65)	318	(104)	(193)
Other comprehensive income for the period	(214)	(92)	349	(186)	2 303
Comprehensive income for the period	4 181	3 227	10 968	9 152	14 896

1) Pension commitments and pension funds in the defined-benefit schemes were recalculated in the second and third quarter of 2013. Calculations for the third quarter have been updated with new calculation assumptions as at 30 August 2013 in accordance with guidance notes from the Norwegian Accounting Standards Board, and with a new mortality table, K2013.

Balance sheet

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	Note	DNB Bank Group		
		30 Sept. 2013	31 Dec. 2012	30 Sept. 2012
Assets				
Cash and deposits with central banks		401 560	298 892	367 409
Due from credit institutions	12, 13, 14	25 928	33 373	38 933
Loans to customers	12, 13, 14, 15, 16	1 342 531	1 308 864	1 319 229
Commercial paper and bonds at fair value	13	186 515	160 664	137 013
Shareholdings	13	10 724	10 290	8 522
Financial derivatives	13, 14	89 335	95 890	100 636
Commercial paper and bonds, held to maturity	12, 18	66 059	71 288	104 704
Investment property		4 591	5 034	5 125
Investments in associated companies		3 012	2 866	2 778
Intangible assets	19	4 943	4 826	4 915
Deferred tax assets		1 358	1 112	624
Fixed assets		7 664	7 311	6 956
Assets held for sale		213	417	15
Other assets		21 271	12 619	20 025
Total assets		2 165 705	2 013 444	2 116 883
Liabilities and equity				
Due to credit institutions	12, 13, 14	260 903	251 388	293 530
Deposits from customers	12, 13, 14	934 477	819 945	850 652
Financial derivatives	13, 14	63 744	63 193	65 928
Debt securities issued	12, 13, 20	722 891	713 273	733 194
Payable taxes		4 265	6 940	2 944
Deferred taxes		1 609	1 630	2 908
Other liabilities		25 449	15 553	23 894
Liabilities held for sale		73	76	0
Provisions		1 924	724	629
Pension commitments		3 384	3 442	6 960
Subordinated loan capital	12, 13, 20	25 827	21 090	25 799
Total liabilities		2 044 547	1 897 255	2 006 437
Share capital		18 314	18 314	18 314
Share premium reserve		20 611	20 611	20 611
Other equity		82 232	77 264	71 521
Total equity		121 158	116 190	110 446
Total liabilities and equity		2 165 705	2 013 444	2 116 883
Off-balance sheet transactions, contingencies and post-balance sheet events	24			

Statement of changes in equity

DNB Bank ASA

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	Share capital	Share premium reserve	Actuarial gains and losses	Other equity	Total equity
Balance sheet as at 31 December 2011	18 314	19 895	-	59 433	97 643
Implementation of the amended IAS 19 - Employee Benefits ¹⁾			(2 905)		(2 905)
Balance sheet as at 1 January 2012	18 314	19 895	(2 905)	59 433	94 738
Profit for the period				9 910	9 910
Actuarial gains and losses			(78)		(78)
Currency translation of foreign operations				(96)	(96)
Comprehensive income for the period	0	0	(78)	9 815	9 737
Balance sheet as at 30 September 2012, restated	18 314	19 895	(2 983)	69 248	104 475
Balance sheet as at 31 December 2012	18 314	19 895	-	67 264	105 474
Implementation of the amended IAS 19 - Employee Benefits ¹⁾			(484)	104	(380)
Balance sheet as at 31 December 2012, restated	18 314	19 895	(484)	67 369	105 094
Profit for the period				9 719	9 719
Actuarial gains and losses			31		31
Currency translation of foreign operations			(7)	376	369
Comprehensive income for the period	0	0	24	10 095	10 119
Balance sheet as at 30 September 2013	18 314	19 895	(460)	77 464	115 213
<i>Of which currency translation reserve:</i>					
<i>Balance sheet as at 1 January 2012</i>			0	(356)	(356)
<i>Comprehensive income for the period</i>			0	(96)	(96)
<i>Balance sheet as at 30 September 2012, restated</i>			0	(452)	(452)
<i>Balance sheet as at 31 December 2012, restated</i>			0	(540)	(540)
<i>Comprehensive income for the period</i>			(7)	376	369
<i>Balance sheet as at 30 September 2013</i>			(7)	(164)	(170)

DNB Bank Group

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	Share capital	Share premium reserve	Actuarial gains and losses	Other equity	Total equity
Balance sheet as at 31 December 2011	18 314	20 611	-	65 378	104 304
Implementation of the amended IAS 19 - Employee Benefits ¹⁾			(3 010)		(3 010)
Balance sheet as at 1 January 2012	18 314	20 611	(3 010)	65 378	101 294
Profit for the period				9 339	9 339
Actuarial gains and losses			(82)		(82)
Currency translation of foreign operations				(104)	(104)
Comprehensive income for the period	0	0	(82)	9 234	9 152
Balance sheet as at 30 September 2012, restated	18 314	20 611	(3 092)	74 613	110 446
Balance sheet as at 31 December 2012	18 314	20 611	-	77 668	116 594
Implementation of the amended IAS 19 - Employee Benefits ¹⁾			(514)	110	(404)
Balance sheet as at 31 December 2012, restated	18 314	20 611	(514)	77 778	116 190
Profit for the period				10 619	10 619
Actuarial gains and losses			31		31
Currency translation of foreign operations			(7)	325	318
Comprehensive income for the period	0	0	24	10 944	10 968
Group contribution for 2012 to DNB ASA				(6 000)	(6 000)
Balance sheet as at 30 September 2013	18 314	20 611	(491)	82 723	121 158
<i>Of which currency translation reserve:</i>					
<i>Balance sheet as at 1 January 2012</i>			0	(490)	(490)
<i>Comprehensive income for the period</i>			0	(104)	(104)
<i>Accumulated currency translation reserve in Pres-Vac</i>				3	3
<i>Balance sheet as at 30 September 2012, restated</i>			0	(591)	(591)
<i>Balance sheet as at 31 December 2012, restated</i>			0	(682)	(682)
<i>Comprehensive income for the period</i>			(7)	325	318
<i>Accumulated currency translation reserve SalusAnsvar taken to income (company sold)</i>				(6)	(6)
<i>Change of reporting currency DNB Invest Denmark</i>				7	7
<i>Balance sheet as at 30 September 2013</i>			(7)	(356)	(363)

1) See note 1 Accounting principles.

Cash flow statement

DNB Bank ASA

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	January - September		Full year
	2013	2012	2012
Operating activities			
Net receipts on loans to customers	31 515	4 187	13 624
Interest received from customers	23 828	24 961	36 064
Net receipts on deposits from customers	82 961	98 178	78 538
Interest paid to customers	(4 298)	(4 767)	(17 453)
Net receipts/payments on loans to/from credit institutions	22 173	(33 545)	(51 237)
Interest received from credit institutions	2 890	4 257	4 925
Interest paid to credit institutions	(1 836)	(2 403)	(3 289)
Net receipts/payments on the sale of financial assets for investment or trading	(7 382)	(2 057)	2 635
Interest received on bonds and commercial paper	5 135	5 771	6 756
Net receipts on commissions and fees	2 612	2 404	3 411
Payments to operations	(10 932)	(10 627)	(14 354)
Taxes paid	(4 358)	(122)	(214)
Other receipts	4 522	5 430	6 481
Net cash flow from operating activities	146 830	91 668	65 889
Investment activities			
Net payments on the acquisition of fixed assets	(1 517)	(1 713)	(2 823)
Receipts on the sale of long-term investments in shares	436	0	0
Payments on the acquisition of long-term investments in shares	(16 540)	(8 465)	(16 871)
Dividends received on long-term investments in shares	274	97	97
Net cash flow from investment activities	(17 347)	(10 080)	(19 596)
Funding activities			
Receipts on issued bonds and commercial paper	685 141	311 411	854 746
Payments on redeemed bonds and commercial paper	(725 353)	(247 614)	(820 874)
Interest payments on issued bonds and commercial paper	(3 517)	(4 191)	(4 611)
Receipts on the raising of subordinated loan capital	7 349	5 531	5 525
Redemptions of subordinated loan capital	(3 709)	(3 883)	(7 996)
Interest paid on subordinated loan capital	(513)	(309)	(1 024)
Group contributions payments/receipts	(5 729)	1 266	1 266
Net cash flow from funding activities	(46 331)	62 212	27 033
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	18 115	(4 640)	(2 962)
Net cash flow	101 267	139 160	70 364
Cash as at 1 January	300 944	230 580	230 580
Net receipts/payments of cash	101 267	139 160	70 364
Cash at end of period ¹⁾	402 211	369 741	300 944
<i>*) Of which: Cash and deposits with central banks</i>	<i>398 981</i>	<i>364 635</i>	<i>296 158</i>
<i>Deposits with credit institutions with no agreed period of notice ¹⁾</i>	<i>3 230</i>	<i>5 103</i>	<i>4 786</i>

1) Recorded under "Due from credit institutions" in the balance sheet.

Cash flow statement (continued)

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	DNB Bank Group		
	January - September 2013	September 2012	Full year 2012
Operating activities			
Net payments on loans to customers	(8 745)	(42 197)	(39 284)
Interest received from customers	40 096	42 699	57 029
Net receipts on deposits from customers	85 727	100 608	80 887
Interest paid to customers	(4 688)	(7 123)	(18 993)
Net receipts/payments on loans to/from credit institutions	19 218	(1 485)	(35 303)
Interest received from credit institutions	984	1 232	1 389
Interest paid to credit institutions	(1 807)	(2 372)	(3 166)
Net payments on the sale of financial assets for investment or trading	(7 425)	(30 247)	(19 881)
Interest received on bonds and commercial paper	3 787	3 926	4 385
Net receipts on commissions and fees	3 194	3 077	4 240
Payments to operations	(12 995)	(12 285)	(16 962)
Taxes paid	(6 883)	(226)	(391)
Other receipts	3 854	3 561	4 150
Net cash flow from operating activities	114 316	59 168	18 100
Investment activities			
Net payments on the acquisition of fixed assets	(1 966)	(2 079)	(3 182)
Net receipts/payments, investment property	948	(329)	(399)
Receipts on the sale of long-term investments in shares	436	0	0
Payments on the acquisition of long-term investments in shares	(16)	0	0
Dividends received on long-term investments in shares	274	97	97
Net cash flow from investment activities	(324)	(2 311)	(3 484)
Funding activities			
Receipts on issued bonds and commercial paper	724 846	388 616	941 355
Payments on redeemed bonds and commercial paper	(742 602)	(287 832)	(861 109)
Interest payments on issued bonds and commercial paper	(10 394)	(11 155)	(12 725)
Receipts on the raising of subordinated loan capital	7 349	5 531	5 525
Redemptions of subordinated loan capital	(3 709)	(3 968)	(8 082)
Interest paid on subordinated loan capital	(508)	(180)	(1 021)
Group contributions payments	(6 000)	0	0
Net cash flow from funding activities	(31 018)	91 012	63 943
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	18 343	(5 112)	(3 468)
Net cash flow	101 317	142 758	75 090
Cash as at 1 January	304 121	229 031	229 031
Net receipts of cash	101 317	142 758	75 090
Cash at end of period ¹⁾	405 439	371 789	304 121
<i>*) Of which: Cash and deposits with central banks</i>	<i>401 560</i>	<i>367 409</i>	<i>298 892</i>
<i>Deposits with credit institutions with no agreed period of notice ¹⁾</i>	<i>3 878</i>	<i>4 380</i>	<i>5 229</i>

1) Recorded under "Due from credit institutions" in the balance sheet.

The cash flow statement shows receipts and payments of cash and cash equivalents during the period. The statement has been prepared in accordance with the direct method. Cash flows are classified as operating activities, investment activities or funding activities. Balance sheet items are adjusted for the effects of exchange rate movements. Cash is defined as cash and deposits with central banks, and deposits with credit institutions with no agreed period of notice.

Note 1 Accounting principles

The third quarter accounts 2013 have been prepared according to IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting. A description of the accounting principles applied by the banking group is found in the annual report for 2012. The annual and interim accounts for the banking group are prepared according to IFRS principles as endorsed by the EU. DNB Bank ASA has prepared accounts according to the Norwegian Ministry of Finance's regulations on annual accounts, Section 1-5, on the use of IFRS, hereinafter called the Norwegian IFRS regulations, which implies that recognition and measurements are in accordance with IFRS. The only exception is that the Norwegian IFRS regulations also give permission to record provisions for dividends and group contributions in subsidiaries as income and record the Board of Directors' proposed dividends and group contributions as liabilities on the balance sheet date. According to IFRS, dividends should be classified as equity until approved by the general meeting. DNB Bank ASA presents note information in accordance with IFRS.

As of the third quarter 2013 new organisation and financial governance have made changes to the composition of the reportable segments. Financial governance in DNB is geared to the different customer segments. The follow-up of total customer relationships and segment profitability are two important dimensions when making strategic priorities and deciding where to allocate the Group's resources. Reported figures for the different segments will reflect the banking group's total sales of products and services to the relevant segment.

The DNB Bank Group reports according to the segments Personal customers, Small and medium-sized enterprises (SME), Large corporates and international customers (LCI), Trading and Other operations (group units including eliminations). The presentation in note 4 Segments has been adjusted accordingly, including comparable figures. The changes are of significance only for the presentation of profits for the individual segments and have no impact to the presentation of the banking group's income statement. Please refer to Note 4 Segments for a more detailed description of the principles behind the allocation of expenses and capital.

New or amended accounting standards or interpretations that entered into force so far in 2013 and are of significance to the DNB Bank Group, are described below. The new rules were implemented by the banking group as of 1 January 2013.

Amendments to IFRS 7 – Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

Note information is required to enable users of the accounts to assess the effects or the potential effects the offsetting of financial assets and liabilities will have on the company's financial position. The disclosure requirements apply to financial instruments offset in accordance with IAS 32 and financial instruments for which agreements on conditional rights of offset have been entered into. See note 14 Offsetting for information based on the new requirements in IFRS 7.

IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

The standard includes principles and guidance for fair value measurement of assets and liabilities when other IFRSs require or permit fair value measurements. The standard does not change what is required or permitted to be measured at fair value. IFRS 13 applies both at initial recognition and in subsequent measurements. IFRS 13 requires more detailed note information in both quarterly and annual accounts. The new rules have no material impact on the banking group's profit and loss or balance sheet, but have an impact on the note information presented in the quarterly and annual accounts. See note 12 Fair value of financial instruments at amortised cost and note 13 Financial instruments at fair value.

Amendments to IAS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements

The amendments to IAS 1 entails that items of income and expense recognised in other comprehensive income are grouped together based on whether or not they can be reclassified to the profit or loss section of the income statement on a future date. The amendments only affect the presentation in other comprehensive income.

Amendments to IAS 19 – Employee Benefits

Comparable figures in the report for the third quarter of 2013 have been restated based on the amendments to IAS 19 which entered into force on 1 January 2013. The banking group started using the revised standard as of 1 January 2013, with retrospective application as from 1 January 2012 for comparison purposes. The amendments affect the recognition and presentation of the banking group's defined benefit pension schemes.

Among other things, the corridor approach for recognising actuarial gains and losses is removed. Actuarial gains and losses should now be recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. In consequence of this, the best estimate of pension commitments will be shown in the balance sheet. According to the standard, when calculating pension costs, the discount rate shall be used on net pension commitments instead of using the expected return on pension funds. Seen in isolation, this amendment will result in higher pension costs in the income statement.

At year-end 2012, actuarial gains and losses totalling NOK 380 and 404 million after tax for the bank and the DNB Bank group respectively, were recognised in the accounts. The amount was recognised in the banking group's equity on 1 January 2013. The new rules would have reduced pension expenses for the first three quarters of 2012 by NOK 108 and 114 million before tax and NOK 78 and 81 million after tax for the bank and the banking group respectively. Please refer to note 1 in the first quarter report 2013, the comprehensive income statement and the statement of changes in equity for more information about the effects of implementing the revised IAS 19.

Note 2 Important accounting estimates and discretionary assessments

When preparing the accounts of the bank and the banking group, management makes estimates and discretionary assessments and prepares assumptions that influence the effect of the accounting principles applied and thus the recorded values of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. A more detailed description of important estimates and assumptions is presented in note 1 Important accounting estimates and discretionary assessments in the annual report for 2012.

Note 3 Changes in group structure

SalusAnsvar

During the third quarter of 2012, an agreement was entered into on the sale of the wholly-owned subsidiary SalusAnsvar AB from DNB Bank ASA for a total of approximately SEK 480 million. SalusAnsvar primarily offers non-life insurance and personal insurance in the Swedish market. The transaction was approved by the supervisory authorities during the fourth quarter of 2012. The transaction was completed in the first quarter of 2013.

Godfjellet AS/Nye Notabene AS

The bookshop chain Notabene presented a winding-up petition in January 2013, whereafter Nye Notabene AS took over most of the assets. The company is 100 per cent owned by Godfjellet AS, which in turn is 100 per cent owned by DNB Bank ASA. The assets were taken over for a total of approximately NOK 70 million.

The bank's strategy is to sell these operations as soon as possible within a 12-month period from the takeover date. The operations were classified as held for sale in the group accounts as at 30 September 2013. In the accounts, DNB's net holding will be recorded at the lower of the balance sheet value and fair value less costs to sell.

Note 4 Segments

Financial governance in DNB is geared to the different customer segments. The follow-up of total customer relationships and segment profitability are two important dimensions when making strategic priorities and deciding where to allocate the banking group's resources. Special product areas are responsible for the production and development of key products and for ensuring that the banking group has good and effective products and services tailored to the needs of the various customer segments. Reported figures for the different segments will reflect the banking group's total sales of products and services to the relevant customer segments.

- | | |
|--|--|
| Personal customers | - includes the banking group's total products and activities to private customers in all channels, both digital and physical. DNB offers a wide range of products through Norway's largest distribution network, comprising branches, telephone banking (24/7), digital banking, real estate broking as well as external channels (post offices and in-store postal and banking outlets). |
| Small and medium-sized enterprises | - is responsible for product sales and advisory services to small and medium-sized enterprises in Norway. DNB aspires to be a local bank for the whole of Norway, while offering the products and expertise of a large bank. Customers in this segment range from small businesses and start-up companies to relatively large corporate customers, and the product offerings are adapted to the customers' different needs. Small and medium-sized enterprises are served through the banking group's large physical distribution network throughout Norway as well as digital and telephone banking (24/7). |
| Large corporates and international customers | - includes large Norwegian and international corporate customers and all customers served by DNB's subsidiary banks in the Baltics, Poland and Russia. Operations are based on sound industry expertise and long-term customer relationships. |
| Trading | - includes market making and other trading activities in fixed income, currencies and commodities (FICC) as well as equities, including risk management of the risk inherent in customer transactions. Markets' trading activities support the customer activities. |

The income statement and balance sheet for the segments have been prepared on the basis of internal financial reporting for the functional organisation of the DNB Bank Group into segments, as reported to group management (chief operating decision maker) for an assessment of current developments and the allocation of resources. Figures for the segments are based on DNB's management model and accounting principles. The figures have been restated in accordance with the banking group's current principles for allocating costs and capital between segments and are based on a number of assumptions, estimates and discretionary distributions. Interest on deposits from and financing of operations in the segments are determined based on observable market rates, e.g. NIBOR. Additional costs relating to the banking group's long-term funding are charged to the segments. Profits from repossessed operations which are fully consolidated in the DNB Bank Group are presented net under "Profit from repossessed operations" in the internal reporting of segments. The acquired companies are included in the Group Centre.

Capital allocated to the segments is calculated on the basis of the banking group's total Tier 1 capital and long-term capitalisation ambition. The allocation of capital to all units is based on the banking group's adaptation to Basel II, full IRB, and the capital allocated in 2013 corresponds to a common equity Tier 1 capital ratio of 12 per cent. The allocation of credit risk is based on the banking group's internal measurement of risk-adjusted capital requirements for credit. Capital requirements for market risk are allocated directly in accordance with risk-weighted volume, and operational risk is allocated based on the respective units' total income.

Note 4 Segments (continued)

Income statement, third quarter

	DNB Bank Group											
	Personal customers		Small and medium-sized enterprises		Large corporates and international customers		Trading		Other operations/eliminations ¹⁾		DNB Bank Group	
	3rd quarter		3rd quarter		3rd quarter		3rd quarter		3rd quarter		3rd quarter	
<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Net interest income - ordinary operations	3 367	2 598	1 479	1 376	2 733	2 541	105	111	260	294	7 944	6 919
Interest on allocated capital ²⁾	72	95	86	98	225	251	35	35	(417)	(479)	0	0
Net interest income	3 439	2 692	1 565	1 475	2 957	2 792	140	146	(157)	(185)	7 944	6 919
Net other operating income	1 058	986	248	215	1 048	1 053	525	1 016	412	(299)	3 291	2 971
Total income	4 497	3 679	1 813	1 690	4 006	3 845	665	1 161	255	(484)	11 235	9 890
Operating expenses	2 104	1 964	844	809	1 254	1 314	216	220	568	509	4 986	4 817
Pre-tax operating profit before impairment	2 393	1 714	969	881	2 752	2 530	449	941	(313)	(994)	6 250	5 074
Net gains on fixed and intangible assets	0	(0)	0	(0)	1	(1)	0	0	1	20	2	20
Impairment of loans and guarantees ³⁾	22	75	161	74	304	310	0	0	(13)	61	475	521
Profit from repossessed operations	(13)	0	8	(5)	(16)	(63)	0	0	21	68	0	0
Pre-tax operating profit	2 357	1 639	816	802	2 434	2 157	449	941	(278)	(967)	5 777	4 572
Taxes	660	459	228	225	730	630	130	273	(374)	(333)	1 375	1 253
Profit from operations held for sale after taxes	(5)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(3)	0	(7)	0
Profit for the period	1 693	1 180	587	577	1 704	1 527	318	668	93	(634)	4 395	3 319

1) Other operations/eliminations:

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	Other eliminations		Group Centre ^{*)}		Total	
	3rd quarter		3rd quarter		3rd quarter	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Net interest income - ordinary operations	0	(0)	260	294	260	294
Interest on allocated capital ²⁾	0	0	(417)	(479)	(417)	(479)
Net interest income	0	(0)	(157)	(185)	(157)	(185)
Net other operating income	(112)	(73)	524	(226)	412	(299)
Total income	(112)	(73)	367	(411)	255	(484)
Operating expenses	(112)	(73)	680	583	568	509
Pre-tax operating profit before impairment	0	0	(313)	(994)	(313)	(994)
Net gains on fixed and intangible assets	0	0	1	20	1	20
Impairment of loans and guarantees ³⁾	0	0	(13)	61	(13)	61
Profit from repossessed operations	0	0	21	68	21	68
Pre-tax operating profit	0	0	(278)	(967)	(278)	(967)

The eliminations refer mainly to internal services from support units to segments and between segments. Further, intra-group transactions and gains and losses on transactions between companies in the banking group are eliminated.

The Group Centre includes IT and Operations, HR (Human Resources), Group Finance, Risk Management, Corporate Communications, Treasury, the partially owned company Eksportfinans and investments in IT infrastructure. In addition, the Group Centre includes that part of the banking group's equity that is not allocated to the business areas. Profits from repossessed operations which are fully consolidated in the DNB Bank Group are presented net under "Profit from repossessed operations" in the internal reporting of segments. The acquired companies are included in the Group Centre.

	3rd quarter	
	2013	2012
^{*)} Group Centre - pre-tax operating profit in NOK million		
+ Interest on unallocated equity etc.	65	107
+ Income from equities investments	8	80
+ Gains on fixed and intangible assets	1	20
+ Mark-to-market adjustments Treasury and fair value of loans	139	(432)
+ Basis swaps	(223)	(566)
+ Eksportfinans ASA	91	232
+ Net gains on investment property	(25)	1
+ Profit from repossessed operations	21	68
- Unallocated impairment of loans and guarantees	(13)	61
- Unallocated personnel expenses	20	80
- Unallocated IT expenses	174	(21)
- Funding costs on goodwill	9	12
Other	(165)	(344)
Pre-tax operating profit	(278)	(967)

2) Allocated capital corresponds to the external capital adequacy requirement (Basel II) which must be met by the banking group.

3) See note 15 Impairment of loans and guarantees for an analysis of the gross change in impairment for the banking group.

Note 4 Segments (continued)

Main average balance sheet items

	DNB Bank Group											
	Personal customers		Small and medium-sized enterprises		Large corporates and international customers		Trading		Other operations/eliminations ¹⁾		DNB Bank Group	
	3rd quarter		3rd quarter		3rd quarter		3rd quarter		3rd quarter		3rd quarter	
<i>Amounts in NOK billion</i>	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Loans to customers ¹⁾	652.1	623.9	206.2	205.9	465.5	480.7	1.8	3.0	12.0	9.6	1 337.5	1 323.2
Deposits from customers ¹⁾	346.1	327.2	148.3	145.0	356.2	311.3	94.8	57.3	6.3	0.8	951.7	841.6
Allocated capital ²⁾	16.9	16.8	20.4	17.6	54.3	48.6	8.1	6.3				

Key figures

	DNB Bank Group											
	Personal customers		Small and medium-sized enterprises		Large corporates and international customers		Trading		Other operations/eliminations ¹⁾		DNB Bank Group	
	3rd quarter		3rd quarter		3rd quarter		3rd quarter		3rd quarter		3rd quarter	
<i>Per cent</i>	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Cost/income ratio ³⁾	46.8	52.1	46.5	47.8	31.3	34.2	32.5	19.0			44.4	47.8
Ratio of deposits to loans ¹⁾⁴⁾	53.1	52.5	71.9	70.4	76.5	64.8					71.2	63.6
Return on allocated capital, annualised ²⁾	39.7	27.9	11.4	13.1	12.4	12.5	15.6	42.2				

- 1) Loans to customers include accrued interest, impairment and value adjustments. Correspondingly, deposits from customers include accrued interest and value adjustments.
- 2) Allocated capital for the segments are calculated on the external capital adequacy requirement (Basel II) which must be met by the banking group.
- 3) Total operating expenses relative to total income.
- 4) Deposits from customers relative to loans to customers. Calculated on the basis of average balance sheet items.

Income statement, January-September

	DNB Bank Group											
	Personal customers		Small and medium-sized enterprises		Large corporates and international customers		Trading		Other operations/eliminations ¹⁾		DNB Bank Group	
	Jan.-sept.		Jan.-sept.		Jan.-sept.		Jan.-sept.		Jan.-sept.		Jan.-sept.	
<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Net interest income - ordinary operations	8 972	7 142	4 326	4 071	7 768	7 679	326	473	1 018	1 010	22 410	20 375
Interest on allocated capital ¹⁾	222	283	272	304	710	855	111	115	(1 315)	(1 556)	0	0
Net interest income	9 194	7 425	4 598	4 375	8 478	8 533	437	589	(297)	(547)	22 410	20 375
Net other operating income	2 917	2 859	802	701	3 353	3 395	1 463	3 115	1 172	(1 634)	9 707	8 437
Total income	12 112	10 284	5 400	5 076	11 831	11 929	1 900	3 703	875	(2 180)	32 118	28 812
Operating expenses	6 254	5 769	2 563	2 441	4 002	4 007	560	617	2 133	1 384	15 511	14 218
Pre-tax operating profit before impairment	5 858	4 515	2 837	2 635	7 829	7 922	1 339	3 087	(1 257)	(3 565)	16 606	14 594
Net gains on fixed and intangible assets	(0)	(1)	(0)	0	(3)	3	0	0	0	60	(3)	63
Impairment of loans and guarantees ²⁾	260	339	427	294	1 447	1 266	0	0	16	90	2 149	1 990
Profit from repossessed operations	(13)	0	(2)	(12)	(44)	(146)	0	0	60	158	0	0
Pre-tax operating profit	5 584	4 175	2 408	2 328	6 335	6 514	1 339	3 087	(1 213)	(3 436)	14 454	12 668
Taxes	1 564	1 169	674	652	1 900	1 902	388	895	(697)	(1 197)	3 830	3 421
Profit from operations held for sale after taxes	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(7)	92	(5)	92
Profit for the period	4 023	3 006	1 734	1 676	4 434	4 612	951	2 192	(524)	(2 147)	10 619	9 339

- 1) Allocated capital corresponds to the external capital adequacy requirement (Basel II) which must be met by the banking group.
- 2) See note 15 Impairment of loans and guarantees for an analysis of the gross change in impairment for the banking group.

Note 5 Net interest income

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	DNB Bank ASA ¹⁾				
	3rd quarter 2013	3rd quarter 2012	January - September 2013	January - September 2012	Full year 2012
Interest on amounts due from credit institutions	939	1 229	2 805	3 980	4 570
Interest on loans to customers	7 430	7 506	22 147	22 858	31 578
Interest on impaired loans and guarantees	168	142	479	428	580
Interest on commercial paper and bonds	1 741	1 727	5 283	5 638	7 298
Front-end fees etc.	74	79	219	216	287
Other interest income	459	1 316	1 340	3 410	4 249
Total interest income	10 812	11 999	32 273	36 530	48 562
Interest on amounts due to credit institutions	555	842	1 857	2 627	3 320
Interest on deposits from customers	3 599	3 720	10 851	11 388	15 444
Interest on debt securities issued	872	1 248	2 724	3 998	5 007
Interest on subordinated loan capital	105	178	311	532	676
Guarantee fund levy	164	0	493	0	0
Other interest expenses ²⁾	45	574	(45)	1 701	1 945
Total interest expenses	5 341	6 562	16 190	20 246	26 391
Net interest income	5 472	5 437	16 083	16 284	22 170

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	DNB Bank Group				
	3rd quarter 2013	3rd quarter 2012	January - September 2013	January - September 2012	Full year 2012
Interest on amounts due from credit institutions	362	289	951	1 019	1 196
Interest on loans to customers	13 307	13 290	39 055	40 264	53 263
Interest on impaired loans and guarantees	183	155	521	461	625
Interest on commercial paper and bonds	1 296	1 202	3 923	3 798	4 944
Front-end fees etc.	81	92	244	254	337
Other interest income	207	1 017	543	2 657	3 195
Total interest income	15 436	16 045	45 237	48 453	63 560
Interest on amounts due to credit institutions	535	831	1 829	2 591	3 264
Interest on deposits from customers	3 670	3 952	11 140	12 098	15 992
Interest on debt securities issued	3 053	3 257	9 005	10 167	13 135
Interest on subordinated loan capital	105	179	311	533	676
Guarantee fund levy	191	22	566	67	90
Other interest expenses ²⁾	(63)	884	(24)	2 622	2 846
Total interest expenses	7 492	9 126	22 827	28 078	36 003
Net interest income	7 944	6 919	22 410	20 375	27 557

1) Nordlandsbanken ASA was merged with DNB Bank ASA in the fourth quarter of 2012 according to the pooling of interests method, and figures for previous periods have not been restated. The merger has no accounting effect for the banking group.

2) Other interest expenses include interest rate adjustments resulting from interest swaps entered into.

Note 6 Net commission and fee income

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	DNB Bank ASA ¹⁾				
	3rd quarter 2013	3rd quarter 2012	January - September 2013	September 2012	Full year 2012
Money transfer fees	848	775	2 344	2 229	3 015
Fees on asset management services	54	49	158	150	201
Fees on custodial services	79	81	236	242	320
Fees on securities broking	44	38	148	133	169
Corporate finance	56	47	158	232	355
Interbank fees	10	11	28	30	41
Credit broking commissions	87	59	360	296	439
Sales commissions on insurance products	83	66	229	202	276
Sundry commissions and fees on banking services	164	140	469	433	577
Total commission and fee income etc.	1 425	1 265	4 129	3 947	5 393
Money transfer fees	311	283	863	815	1 113
Commissions on fund management services	0	0	0	0	0
Fees on custodial services	31	30	100	105	132
Interbank fees	18	18	52	55	75
Credit broking commissions	26	31	78	93	121
Commissions on the sale of insurance products	0	0	0	0	0
Sundry commissions and fees on banking services	137	133	391	439	561
Total commission and fee expenses etc.	523	494	1 484	1 507	2 003
Net commission and fee income	902	770	2 645	2 440	3 390

1) Nordlandsbanken ASA was merged with DNB Bank ASA in the fourth quarter of 2012 according to the pooling of interests method, and figures for previous periods have not been restated. The merger has no accounting effect for the banking group.

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	DNB Bank Group				
	3rd quarter 2013	3rd quarter 2012	January - September 2013	September 2012	Full year 2012
Money transfer fees	900	824	2 488	2 387	3 190
Fees on asset management services	63	63	182	171	228
Fees on custodial services	81	82	242	246	326
Fees on securities broking	54	40	175	139	185
Corporate finance	125	108	339	392	585
Interbank fees	10	12	28	32	43
Credit broking commissions	98	61	376	302	445
Sales commissions on insurance products	89	105	246	330	409
Sundry commissions and fees on banking services	243	228	700	689	891
Total commission and fee income etc.	1 662	1 522	4 777	4 688	6 302
Money transfer fees	320	290	888	839	1 142
Commissions on fund management services	0	0	0	1	1
Fees on custodial services	31	30	100	105	132
Interbank fees	18	19	54	58	78
Credit broking commissions	23	24	72	71	91
Commissions on the sale of insurance products	1	5	(1)	17	17
Sundry commissions and fees on banking services	153	147	437	485	621
Total commission and fee expenses etc.	546	516	1 550	1 575	2 083
Net commission and fee income	1 116	1 005	3 227	3 113	4 219

Note 7 Net gains on financial instruments at fair value

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	DNB Bank ASA				
	3rd quarter 2013	3rd quarter 2012	January - September 2013 2012		Full year 2012
Dividends	56	68	318	330	385
Net gains on commercial paper and bonds ¹⁾	88	1 783	(705)	3 553	4 529
Net gains on shareholdings and equity-related derivatives	7	63	25	(92)	110
Net unrealised gains on basis swaps	(103)	(655)	(92)	(606)	(934)
Net gains on other financial instruments	1 174	496	4 393	2 742	3 323
Net gains on financial instruments at fair value	1 224	1 756	3 938	5 926	7 413

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	DNB Bank Group				
	3rd quarter 2013	3rd quarter 2012	January - September 2013 2012		Full year 2012
Dividends	63	69	316	338	392
Net gains on commercial paper and bonds	93	1 067	(852)	2 249	3 044
Net gains on shareholdings and equity-related derivatives	7	62	17	(72)	123
Net unrealised gains on basis swaps	(223)	(566)	(544)	(1 921)	(1 687)
Net gains on other financial instruments	1 309	301	4 724	1 957	2 027
Net gains on financial instruments at fair value	1 249	933	3 661	2 551	3 899

1) *Unrealised losses on DNB Bank ASA's investments in covered bonds issued by DNB Boligkreditt were NOK 16 million in the third quarter of 2013. Investments in such bonds totalled NOK 87 billion at 30 September 2013, of which NOK 44 billion have been used in the exchange scheme with the Norwegian government. See note 23 Information on related parties – stimulus packages.*

Note 8 Profit from companies accounted for by the equity method

Moody's and Standard & Poor's downgrades of Eksportfinans' credit rating in the fourth quarter of 2011 resulted in sizeable unrealised gains on the company's long-term funding. The effect of such unrealised gains on DNB's holding, after tax, represented NOK 11.8 billion in the fourth quarter of 2011. After reviewing the fair value of the company in connection with the closing of the annual accounts, DNB wrote down the value by an amount corresponding to unrealised gains on Eksportfinans' own debt in the fourth quarter of 2011. In 2012, the required rate of return in the market was reduced, and Eksportfinans had sizeable unrealised losses on own debt. The impairment loss recorded by DNB in the fourth quarter of 2011 was reversed by an amount corresponding to these unrealised losses. The reversal represented just under NOK 7.5 billion of DNB's holding after tax. In the three first quarters of 2013, an additional reversal of NOK 1.5 billion was made. The impairment loss in 2011 and subsequent reversals have been reported on the line "Profit from companies accounted for by the equity method" along with DNB's share of profits from the company.

Note 9 Other income

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	DNB Bank ASA ¹⁾				
	3rd quarter 2013	3rd quarter 2012	January - September 2013 2012		Full year 2012
Income from owned/leased premises	30	28	75	81	111
Group contributions and dividends from subsidiaries	17	0	34	24	468
Miscellaneous operating income ²⁾	1 968	1 065	5 134	2 704	4 083
Total other income	2 016	1 093	5 244	2 809	4 662

1) *Nordlandsbanken ASA was merged with DNB Bank ASA in the fourth quarter of 2012 according to the pooling of interests method, and figures for previous periods have not been restated. The merger has no accounting effect for the banking group.*
 2) *The change in miscellaneous operating income is mainly due to an increase in the management fee paid by DNB Boligkreditt AS. See Note 23 Information on related parties for more information.*

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	DNB Bank Group				
	3rd quarter 2013	3rd quarter 2012	January - September 2013 2012		Full year 2012
Income from owned/leased premises	20	23	46	60	80
Income from investment properties	59	72	185	207	273
Fees on real estate broking	284	263	897	846	1 134
Miscellaneous operating income	486	426	1 454	1 373	1 794
Total other income	849	783	2 582	2 486	3 281

Note 10 Operating expenses

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	DNB Bank ASA				
	3rd quarter 2013	3rd quarter 2012	January - September 2013 2012		Full year 2012
Salaries	1 545	1 482	4 468	4 343	5 811
Employer's national insurance contributions	207	200	604	596	784
Pension expenses ¹⁾	160	230	449	687	992
Restructuring expenses ¹⁾	95	14	674	19	34
Other personnel expenses	162	159	478	449	608
Total salaries and other personnel expenses	2 169	2 085	6 673	6 094	8 229
Fees ²⁾	257	271	787	786	1 113
IT expenses ²⁾	630	422	1 602	1 246	1 681
Postage and telecommunications	58	68	177	208	275
Office supplies	9	11	28	36	51
Marketing and public relations	128	130	371	412	558
Travel expenses	34	33	110	128	192
Reimbursement to Norway Post for transactions executed	35	39	101	104	138
Training expenses	6	7	27	34	49
Operating expenses on properties and premises	296	340	937	883	1 235
Operating expenses on machinery, vehicles and office equipment	20	25	63	73	96
Other operating expenses ³⁾	143	109	829	417	565
Total other expenses	1 616	1 454	5 032	4 326	5 953
Depreciation and impairment of fixed and intangible assets	433	469	1 397	1 265	0
Total depreciation and impairment of fixed and intangible assets	433	469	1 397	1 265	1 876
Total operating expenses ⁴⁾	4 219	4 008	13 101	11 685	16 058

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	DNB Bank Group				
	3rd quarter 2013	3rd quarter 2012	January - September 2013 2012		Full year 2012
Salaries	1 855	1 807	5 405	5 357	7 069
Employer's national insurance contributions	260	252	767	766	1 003
Pension expenses ¹⁾	178	255	503	749	1 064
Restructuring expenses ¹⁾	95	33	684	39	75
Other personnel expenses	177	178	522	501	667
Total salaries and other personnel expenses	2 566	2 525	7 881	7 412	9 878
Fees ²⁾	290	301	867	867	1 216
IT expenses ²⁾	687	446	1 795	1 406	1 843
Postage and telecommunications	70	80	212	248	321
Office supplies	23	18	70	62	94
Marketing and public relations	203	216	627	686	892
Travel expenses	43	40	138	156	228
Reimbursement to Norway Post for transactions executed	35	39	101	104	138
Training expenses	7	9	31	40	59
Operating expenses on properties and premises	346	423	1 111	1 085	1 492
Operating expenses on machinery, vehicles and office equipment	28	35	90	105	140
Other operating expenses ³⁾	208	165	1 050	649	920
Total other expenses	1 941	1 771	6 090	5 409	7 343
Impairment losses for goodwill ⁵⁾	0	85	0	85	85
Depreciation and impairment of fixed and intangible assets	479	436	1 540	1 312	1 905
Total depreciation and impairment of fixed and intangible assets	479	521	1 540	1 397	1 990
Total operating expenses	4 986	4 817	15 511	14 218	19 211

1) In consequence of the restructuring process in DNB, provisions for restructuring costs were made in the second and third quarter of 2013. In addition, a reduction in pension commitments for employees who were granted severance packages was estimated, resulting in lower pension expenses.

2) Fees also include system development fees and must be viewed relative to IT expenses.

3) During the first quarter of 2013, NOK 450 million was charged to the income statement in connection with the Supreme Court ruling regarding certain debt-financed structured products.

4) Nordlandsbanken ASA was merged with DNB Bank ASA in the fourth quarter of 2012 according to the pooling of interests method, and figures for previous periods have not been restated. The merger has no accounting effect for the banking group.

5) Impairment losses for goodwill of NOK 47 million relating to SalusAnsvar and NOK 38 million to Pres-Vac were recorded in the third quarter of 2012.

Note 11 Number of employees/full-time positions

	DNB Bank ASA				
	3rd quarter 2013 ¹⁾	3rd quarter 2012	January - September 2013 ¹⁾	September 2012	Full year 2012 ²⁾
Number of employees at end of period	8 260	8 129	8 260	8 129	8 338
- of which number of employees abroad	791	752	791	752	751
Number of employees calculated on a full-time basis at end of period	7 904	7 843	7 904	7 843	8 037
- of which number of employees calculated on a full-time basis abroad	761	730	761	730	739
Average number of employees	8 253	8 151	8 290	8 196	8 226
Average number of employees calculated on a full-time basis	7 892	7 869	7 939	7 907	7 933

	DNB Bank Group				
	3rd quarter 2013 ^{1) 3)}	3rd quarter 2012 ⁴⁾	January - September 2013 ^{1) 3)}	September 2012 ⁴⁾	Full year 2012 ⁴⁾
Number of employees at end of period	11 931	12 780	11 931	12 780	12 655
- of which number of employees abroad	3 656	4 440	3 656	4 440	4 293
Number of employees calculated on a full-time basis at end of period	11 513	12 391	11 513	12 391	12 274
- of which number of employees calculated on a full-time basis abroad	3 598	4 360	3 598	4 360	4 240
Average number of employees	11 986	12 900	12 248	12 961	12 909
Average number of employees calculated on a full-time basis	11 558	12 499	11 824	12 549	12 501

- 1) The restructuring of the Group has resulted in staff reductions during 2013. In September 2013, 122 full-time positions were transferred from DNB Livsforsikring to DNB Bank ASA.
- 2) Nordlandsbanken ASA was merged with DNB Bank ASA in the fourth quarter of 2012. This resulted in the transfer of 229 employees, corresponding to 223 full-time positions, to DNB Bank ASA.
- 3) The number of employees in Poland has been reduced by 396. The transfer of a portfolio of personal customers and small and medium-sized enterprises as well as 38 branch offices to a Polish bank gave a reduction of 250 employees. The remaining staff cuts result from the Group's restructuring process.
- 4) Includes SalusAnsvar AB, which was sold at the end of January 2013. At year-end 2012, SalusAnsvar's staff represented 137 full-time positions and 147 employees.

Note 12 Fair value of financial instruments at amortised cost

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	DNB Bank ASA			
	Book value		Fair value	
	30 Sept. 2013	31 Dec. 2012	30 Sept. 2013	31 Dec. 2012
Cash and deposits with central banks	12 023	72 809	12 023	72 809
Due from credit institutions	113 138	138 154	113 138	138 154
Loans to customers	645 588	653 125	646 242	655 008
Commercial paper and bonds, held to maturity	66 059	71 288	66 042	70 432
Total financial assets	836 808	935 376	837 445	936 403
Due to credit institutions	24 795	35 789	24 795	35 789
Deposits from customers	828 526	728 337	828 526	728 337
Securities issued	148 430	150 733	151 216	153 961
Subordinated loan capital	24 567	19 622	24 366	19 143
Total financial liabilities	1 026 318	934 481	1 028 904	937 230

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	DNB Bank Group			
	Book value		Fair value	
	30 Sept. 2013	31 Dec. 2012	30 Sept. 2013	31 Dec. 2012
Cash and deposits with central banks	14 602	75 544	14 602	75 544
Due from credit institutions	9 245	8 558	9 245	8 558
Loans to customers	1 205 888	1 169 997	1 205 863	1 170 557
Commercial paper and bonds, held to maturity	66 059	71 288	66 042	70 432
Total financial assets	1 295 795	1 325 387	1 295 753	1 325 091
Due to credit institutions	25 051	25 461	25 051	25 461
Deposits from customers	866 819	761 037	866 819	761 037
Securities issued	433 288	399 612	439 900	403 797
Subordinated loan capital	24 575	19 622	24 374	19 143
Total financial liabilities	1 349 733	1 205 732	1 356 144	1 209 438

Note 13 Financial instruments at fair value

DNB Bank ASA					
<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	Valuation based on quoted prices in an active market Level 1	Valuation based on observable market data Level 2	Valuation based on other than observable market data Level 3	Accrued interest ¹⁾	Total
Assets as at 30 September 2013					
Deposits with central banks	0	386 957	0	1	386 958
Due from credit institutions	0	95 153	0	111	95 265
Loans to customers	0	3 246	54 062	228	57 536
Commercial paper and bonds at fair value	61 749	207 969	563	1 617	271 899
Shareholdings	6 778	286	3 222		10 285
Financial derivatives	36	99 300	1 407	0	100 743
Liabilities as at 30 September 2013					
Due to credit institutions	0	280 045	0	392	280 437
Deposits from customers	0	67 483	0	174	67 658
Debt securities issued	0	233 957	0	251	234 209
Subordinated loan capital	0	1 251	0	2	1 252
Financial derivatives	60	99 986	1 219	0	101 266

DNB Bank Group					
<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	Valuation based on quoted prices in an active market Level 1	Valuation based on observable market data Level 2	Valuation based on other than observable market data Level 3	Accrued interest ¹⁾	Total
Assets as at 30 September 2013					
Deposits with central banks	0	386 957	0	1	386 958
Due from credit institutions	0	16 629	0	53	16 683
Loans to customers	0	3 246	132 991	405	136 642
Commercial paper and bonds at fair value	65 437	118 862	568	1 647	186 515
Shareholdings	6 983	296	3 445		10 724
Financial derivatives	36	87 892	1 407		89 335
Liabilities as at 30 September 2013					
Due to credit institutions	0	235 470	0	382	235 852
Deposits from customers	0	67 483	0	174	67 658
Debt securities issued	0	288 829	0	774	289 603
Subordinated loan capital	0	1 251	0	2	1 252
Financial derivatives	60	62 464	1 219		63 744

1) Accrued interest on financial derivatives is included in the amounts in levels 2 and 3.

Financial instruments at fair value, level 3

DNB Bank ASA					
<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	Financial assets				Financial liabilities
	Loans to customers	Commercial paper and bonds	Share- holdings ¹⁾	Financial derivatives	Financial derivatives
Recorded value as at 31 December 2012	58 058	589	3 144	877	607
Net gains on financial instruments	(126)	(7)	42	(105)	(73)
Additions/purchases	948	429	84	941	874
Sales	1 764	1 132	49	0	0
Settled	3 054	3	0	305	192
Transferred from level 1 or level 2	0	1 291	0	0	0
Transferred to level 1 or level 2	0	642	0	0	0
Other ²⁾	0	39	1	(1)	4
Recorded value as at 30 September 2013	54 062	563	3 222	1 407	1 219

Note 13 Financial instruments at fair value (continued)

Financial instruments at fair value, level 3

DNB Bank Group

Amounts in NOK million	Financial assets				Financial liabilities
	Loans to customers	Commercial paper and bonds	Shareholdings ¹⁾	Financial derivatives	Financial derivatives
Recorded value as at 31 December 2012	136 124	593	3 374	877	607
Net gains on financial instruments	(397)	(7)	31	(105)	(73)
Additions/purchases	7 537	429	84	941	874
Sales	685	1 132	49	0	0
Settled	9 588	3	0	305	192
Transferred from level 1 or level 2	0	1 291	0	0	0
Transferred to level 1 or level 2	0	642	0	0	0
Other ²⁾	0	39	5	(1)	4
Recorded value as at 30 September 2013	132 991	568	3 445	1 407	1 219

1) Equities classified as level 3 comprise, in addition to pure equity investments, property fund units, limited partnership units and private equity investments.

2) Includes exchange rate effects.

Loans to customers

The portfolio of loans carried at fair value consists primarily of fixed-rate loans in Norwegian kroner and a share of margin loans in Norwegian kroner. The value of fixed-rate loans is determined by discounting agreed interest flows over the term of the loan, using a discount factor adjusted for margin requirements. The assumptions underlying the calculation of the margin requirement are based on a review of the market conditions on the balance sheet date and on an assessment of the deliberations made by external investors when investing in a corresponding portfolio. A margin requirement is calculated for margin loans, and the difference between the margin requirement and the agreed margin is discounted over the average expected time to the repricing of the loan.

For a further discussion of the instruments and valuation techniques, see DNB's annual report for 2012.

DNB Bank ASA

Breakdown of fair value, level 3

DNB Bank Group

Loans to customers	Commercial paper and bonds	Shareholdings		Shareholdings	Commercial paper and bonds	Loans to customers
30 Sept. 2013	30 Sept. 2013	30 Sept. 2013		30 Sept. 2013	30 Sept. 2013	30 Sept. 2013
54 007	567	2 824	Principal amount / purchase price	3 018	572	132 077
56	(4)	398	Fair value adjustment	428	(4)	914
54 062	563	3 222	Total fair value, excluding accrued interest	3 445	568	132 991

DNB Bank ASA

Breakdown of shareholdings, level 3

DNB Bank Group

Unquoted equities	Private Equity (PE) funds	Other	Total		Total	Other	Private Equity (PE) funds	Unquoted equities
2 719	477	25	3 222	Recorded value as at 30 September 2013	3 445	25	477	2 943

DNB Bank ASA

Sensitivity analysis, level 3

DNB Bank Group

Effect of reasonably possible alternative assumptions	Recorded value 30 Sept. 2013	Amounts in NOK million	Recorded value 30 Sept. 2013	Effect of reasonably possible alternative assumptions
(37)	54 062	Loans to customers	132 991	(258)
(1)	563	Commercial paper and bonds	568	(1)
0	3 222	Shareholdings	3 445	0
0	188	Financial derivatives, net	188	0

In order to show the sensitivity of the loan portfolio, the discount rate on fixed-rate loans and the margin requirement on margin-based loans have been increased by 10 basis points.

Level 3 bonds mainly represent investments in Norwegian municipalities, country municipalities, savings banks and power companies. A 10 basis point increase in the discount rate has had insignificant effects.

The banking group's portfolio of equities in level 3 was NOK 3 445 million as at 30 September 2013. The investment in Nets Holding represented NOK 1 875 million.

Note 14 Offsetting

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	DNB Bank ASA					
	Gross carrying amount	Amounts offset in the statement of financial position	Carrying amount	Netting agreements	Other collateral ¹⁾	Amounts after possible netting
Assets as at 30 September 2013						
Due from credit institutions ²⁾	10 183		10 183		10 183	0
Loans to customers ²⁾	3 245		3 245		3 245	0
Stimulus package - swap scheme with Norges Bank ³⁾	42 669		42 669		42 669	0
Financial derivatives ⁴⁾	120 440	19 698	100 743	47 838	0	52 905
Liabilities as at 30 September 2013						
Due to credit institutions ⁵⁾	6 282		6 282		6 282	0
Deposits from customers ⁵⁾	0		0		0	0
Funding from Norges Bank ³⁾	42 669		42 669		42 669	0
Financial derivatives ⁴⁾	121 142	19 876	101 266	47 838	329	53 099

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	DNB Bank Group					
	Gross carrying amount	Amounts offset in the statement of financial position	Carrying amount	Netting agreements	Other collateral ¹⁾	Amounts after possible netting
Assets as at 30 September 2013						
Due from credit institutions ²⁾	10 200		10 200		10 200	0
Loans to customers ²⁾	3 248		3 248		3 248	0
Stimulus package - swap scheme with Norges Bank ³⁾	42 669		42 669		42 669	0
Financial derivatives ⁴⁾	109 033	19 698	89 335	47 838	0	41 497
Liabilities as at 30 September 2013						
Due to credit institutions ⁵⁾	6 282		6 282		6 282	0
Deposits from customers ⁵⁾	0		0		0	0
Funding from Norges Bank ³⁾	42 669		42 669		42 669	0
Financial derivatives ⁴⁾	83 620	19 876	63 744	47 838	329	15 577

1) Includes both securities received/transferred from/to counterparties and securities received/placed as collateral in depositories in Clearstream or Euroclear.

2) Includes reverse repurchase agreements, securities borrowing and loans collateralised by securities.

3) See note 23 Information on related parties for information regarding the swap scheme with Norges Bank.

4) Financial derivatives are presented net in the balance sheet after received/paid cash collateral.

5) Includes repurchase agreements, securities lending and deposits collateralised by securities.

The banking group's netting rights are in compliance with general rules in Norwegian legislation. Netting clauses have been included in all of the bank's standard loan agreements and in product agreements in DNB Markets. CSA agreements (Credit Support Annex) have been entered into with most of the major banks. This implies that the market value of all derivatives entered into between DNB and the counterparty is settled either daily or weekly. Master netting agreements give access to setting off other outstanding accounts with customers if certain conditions occur. The amounts are not set off in the balance sheet as the transactions are generally not settled on a net basis.

Note 15 Impairment of loans and guarantees

Amounts in NOK million	DNB Bank ASA				
	3rd quarter 2013	3rd quarter 2012	January - September 2013 2012		Full year 2012
Write-offs	78	118	542	352	586
New individual impairment	470	629	1 786	2 061	2 909
Total new individual impairment	547	747	2 328	2 413	3 494
Reassessed individual impairment	54	58	457	294	364
Recoveries on loans and guarantees previously written off	112	96	324	279	383
Net individual impairment	380	593	1 547	1 840	2 747
Change in collective impairment of loans	(219)	(71)	11	169	448
Impairment of loans and guarantees ^{1) 2)}	161	521	1 557	2 009	3 195
Write-offs covered by individual impairment made in previous years	15	204	463	1 274	2 000
1) Of which individual impairment of guarantees	16	(1)	105	59	61
2) Nordlandsbanken ASA was merged with DNB Bank ASA in the fourth quarter of 2012 according to the pooling of interests method, and figures for previous periods have not been restated. The merger has no accounting effect for the banking group.					

Amounts in NOK million	DNB Bank Group				
	3rd quarter 2013	3rd quarter 2012	January - September 2013 2012		Full year 2012
Write-offs	207	123	762	428	659
New individual impairment	753	853	2 470	2 502	3 486
Total new individual impairment	961	976	3 232	2 930	4 144
Reassessed individual impairment	167	200	809	660	818
Recoveries on loans and guarantees previously written off	119	107	340	304	412
Net individual impairment	674	670	2 082	1 966	2 915
Change in collective impairment of loans	(199)	(148)	67	23	265
Impairment of loans and guarantees ¹⁾	475	521	2 149	1 990	3 179
Write-offs covered by individual impairment made in previous years	319	422	983	1 900	2 879
1) Of which individual impairment of guarantees	21	4	111	63	63

Note 16 Loans to customers

DNB Bank ASA ¹⁾			DNB Bank Group		
30 Sept. 2012	31 Dec. 2012	30 Sept. 2013	30 Sept. 2013	31 Dec. 2012	30 Sept. 2012
<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>					
Loans at amortised cost:					
634 150	660 384	653 227	1 216 564	1 179 902	1 190 531
5 587	5 835	6 617	10 251	9 308	9 450
628 563	654 549	646 610	1 206 313	1 170 593	1 181 081
1 001	990	1 460	2 812	2 433	2 713
538	546	532	745	708	699
1 566	1 867	1 949	2 492	2 321	2 104
627 459	653 125	645 588	1 205 888	1 169 997	1 180 991
Loans at fair value:					
64 861	60 095	57 252	135 322	137 032	136 233
346	341	228	405	523	531
78	182	56	914	1 311	1 473
65 285	60 618	57 536	136 642	138 866	138 238
692 744	713 743	703 125	1 342 531	1 308 864	1 319 229

1) Nordlandsbanken ASA was merged with DNB Bank ASA in the fourth quarter of 2012 according to the pooling of interests method, and figures for previous periods have not been restated. The merger has no accounting effect for the banking group.

Note 17 Net impaired loans and guarantees for principal customer groups ¹⁾

DNB Bank ASA ²⁾				DNB Bank Group		
30 Sept. 2012	31 Dec. 2012	30 Sept. 2013	Amounts in NOK million	30 Sept. 2013	31 Dec. 2012	30 Sept. 2012
1 341	1 391	1 391	Private individuals	3 578	3 545	3 501
4 945	5 234	6 065	Transportation by sea and pipelines and vessel construction	6 106	5 246	4 988
2 266	3 080	2 820	Real estate	3 851	3 685	3 395
1 474	1 428	1 845	Manufacturing	2 170	1 811	1 889
433	354	376	Services	576	573	660
132	130	210	Trade	401	370	469
42	40	97	Oil and gas	97	40	42
361	358	845	Transportation and communication	910	584	606
847	742	750	Building and construction	1 095	1 030	1 252
2	91	12	Power and water supply	54	105	2
65	66	63	Seafood	64	67	69
66	65	44	Hotels and restaurants	226	205	208
141	143	95	Agriculture and forestry	126	235	292
0	0	0	Central and local government	0	0	0
44	13	2	Other sectors	1	15	58
12 159	13 136	14 615	Total customers	19 255	17 512	17 431
0	0	8	Credit institutions	7	0	0
12 159	13 136	14 623	Total net impaired loans and guarantees	19 262	17 512	17 431
937	1 494	2 252	Non-performing loans and guarantees not subject to impairment	3 645	2 228	2 195
13 096	14 630	16 875	Total net non-performing and doubtful loans and guarantees	22 907	19 740	19 626

- 1) Includes loans and guarantees subject to individual impairment and non-performing loans and guarantees not subject to impairment. The breakdown into principal customer groups corresponds to the EU's standard industrial classification, NACE Rev.2.
- 2) Nordlandsbanken ASA was merged with DNB Bank ASA in the fourth quarter of 2012 according to the pooling of interests method, and figures for previous periods have not been restated. The merger has no accounting effect for the banking group.

Note 18 Commercial paper and bonds, held to maturity

DNB Bank ASA				DNB Bank Group		
30 Sept. 2012	31 Dec. 2012	30 Sept. 2013	Amounts in NOK million	30 Sept. 2013	31 Dec. 2012	30 Sept. 2012
75 557	70 831	65 703	International bond portfolio	65 703	70 831	75 557
29 147	457	357	Other units ¹⁾	357	457	29 147
104 704	71 288	66 059	Commercial paper and bonds, held to maturity	66 059	71 288	104 704

- 1) The increase in the third quarter 2012 refers to investments in Treasury bills with short maturities.

As part of ongoing liquidity management, DNB Bank has invested in a portfolio of securities. The portfolio can be used to regulate the liquidity requirement and as a basis for furnishing collateral for operations in various countries. Among other things, the securities serve as collateral for short and long-term borrowing in a number of central banks and as a basis for liquidity buffers to meet regulatory requirements. With effect from 1 July 2008, the international bond portfolio was reclassified from the category "fair value through profit or loss" to "held-to-maturity investments". Portfolios in this category are recorded at amortised cost and written down if there is objective evidence of a decrease in value.

In line with IAS 39, the portfolio has been reviewed to identify objective indications of impairment. No impairment losses have been identified in the portfolio.

Measurement of the reclassified bond portfolio

The reclassification in accordance with IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurements requires that the value of the portfolio based on the principles applied before the reclassification must be reported. In a normal market situation, the portfolio would have been recorded at external observable prices before the reclassification. Due to the financial turmoil, there were no such observable prices in the market in 2008. In order to meet the disclosure requirement at end-September 2013, the portfolio has been measured at fair value according to models used for financial instruments not traded in an active market. The model applied is based on a regression analysis whereby historical market data (explanatory variables) which have been observable even during the financial turmoil are used to explain historical changes in value in the portfolio. During the period from the fourth quarter of 2006 up to and including the second quarter of 2008, the model shows a high level of correlation between changes in given market data and changes in value in the portfolio, which at the time was priced in an active market or through broker quotes which were believed to be fairly reliable. If the model had been applied to the portfolio in the third quarter of 2013, there would have been a NOK 120 million increase in profits.

Note 18 Commercial paper and bonds, held to maturity (continued)

Effects of the reclassifications of the international bond portfolio

By measuring the portfolio at amortised cost, the value of the portfolio as at 30 September 2013 was NOK 0.4 billion higher than if the previous valuation principle had been retained. On the reclassification date, the book value of the portfolio was NOK 88.0 billion, compared with NOK 21.8 billion at end-September 2013. The average term to maturity of the portfolio was 5.2 years, and the change in value resulting from an interest rate adjustment of one basis point was NOK 11 million at end-September 2013.

Effects on profits of the reclassification

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	DNB Bank Group				
	3rd quarter 2013	3rd quarter 2012	January - September 2013		Full year 2012
Recorded amortisation effect	39	28	133	134	139
Net gain, if valued at fair value	159	621	540	855	1 464
Effects of reclassification on profits	(120)	(592)	(407)	(721)	(1 325)

Effects on the balance sheet of the reclassification

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	DNB Bank Group		
	30 Sept. 2013	31 Dec. 2012	30 Sept. 2012
Recorded unrealised losses	633	766	771
Unrealised losses, if valued at fair value	1 044	1 585	2 193
Effects of reclassification on the balance sheet	411	818	1 422

Development in the portfolio after the reclassification

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	DNB Bank Group		
	30 Sept. 2013	31 Dec. 2012	30 Sept. 2012
Reclassified portfolio, recorded value	21 812	25 511	28 545
Reclassified portfolio, if valued at fair value	21 400	24 692	27 123
Effects of reclassification on the balance sheet	411	818	1 422

International bond portfolio

After the reclassification date, DNB has chosen to increase investments in held-to-maturity securities. According to new proposed liquidity requirements for banks, in order for the securities to be classified as liquid funds, they must qualify for immediate sale. New investments in the international bond portfolio as from 2011 mainly represent covered and government-guaranteed bonds. Investments made after 2011 are carried at fair value. As at 30 September 2013 the international bond portfolio represented NOK 137.9 billion. 79.8 per cent of the securities in the portfolio had an AAA rating, while 14.6 per cent were rated AA. There were no synthetic securities in the portfolio and no investments in US sub-prime bonds or Collateralised Debt Obligations, CDOs. Nor were any investments made in Portugal, Italy, Ireland, Greece or Spain. The structure of the international bond portfolio is shown below.

Asset class	DNB Bank Group	
	Per cent 30 Sept. 2013	NOK million 30 Sept. 2013
Consumer credit	0.04	55
Residential mortgages	27.35	37 895
Corporate loans	0.03	40
Government related	28.45	39 419
Covered bonds	44.13	61 133
Total international bond portfolio, nominal values	100.00	138 542
Accrued interest, amortisation effects and fair value adjustments		(635)
Total international bond portfolio		137 907
Total international bond portfolio, held to maturity		65 703
Of which reclassified portfolio		21 812

The average term to maturity of the international bond portfolio is 2.9 years, and the change in value resulting from an interest rate adjustment of one basis point was NOK 14 million at end-September 2013.

Note 19 Intangible assets

DNB Bank ASA ¹⁾				DNB Bank Group		
30 Sept. 2012	31 Dec. 2012	30 Sept. 2013		30 Sept. 2013	31 Dec. 2012	30 Sept. 2012
			<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>			
2 438	2 907	2 952	Goodwill	3 085	3 036	3 217
699	808	692	IT systems development	1 601	1 528	1 383
298	285	256	Other intangible assets	257	262	315
3 435	3 999	3 899	Total intangible assets ²⁾	4 943	4 826	4 915

1) Nordlandsbanken ASA was merged with DNB Bank ASA in the fourth quarter of 2012 according to the pooling of interests method, and figures for previous periods have not been restated. The merger has no accounting effect for the banking group.

2) Assessments were performed for intangible assets in the third quarter of 2013 and were based on reported figures for the third quarter compared to the approved plans for the various cash-generating units. There was not identified any need for recognising impairment losses as a result of these assessments.

Note 20 Debt securities issued and subordinated loan capital

As an element in liquidity management, the DNB Bank Group issues and redeems own securities.

	DNB Bank ASA		
<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	30 Sept. 2013	31 Dec. 2012	30 Sept. 2012
Commercial paper issued, nominal amount	218 790	244 088	270 080
Bond debt, nominal amount	156 557	160 656	165 914
Adjustments	7 292	10 254	9 294
Total debt securities issued	382 639	414 998	445 288

	DNB Bank ASA						
<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	Balance sheet 30 Sept. 2013	Issued 2013	Matured/ redeemed 2013	Exchange rate movements 2013	Other adjustments 2013	Balance sheet 31 Dec. 2012	Balance sheet 30 Sept. 2012
Commercial paper issued, nominal amount	218 790	675 832	701 498	368		244 088	
Bond debt, nominal amount	156 557	9 310	23 855	10 446		160 656	
Adjustments	7 292				(2 962)	10 254	
Total debt securities issued	382 639	685 141	725 353	10 815	(2 962)	414 998	445 288

	DNB Bank ASA						
<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	Balance sheet 30 Sept. 2013	Issued 2013	Matured/ redeemed 2013	Exchange rate movements 2013	Other adjustments 2013	Balance sheet 31 Dec. 2012	Balance sheet 30 Sept. 2012
Term subordinated loan capital, nominal amount	17 328	7 349	3 709	840		12 848	
Perpetual subordinated loan capital, nominal amount	4 010			206		3 804	
Perpetual subordinated loan capital securities, nominal amount ¹⁾	3 395			233		3 162	
Adjustments	1 086				(189)	1 275	
Total subordinated loan capital and perpetual subordinated loan capital securities	25 819	7 349	3 709	1 278	(189)	21 090	17 214

Note 20 Debt securities issued and subordinated loan capital (continued)

Debt securities issued	DNB Bank Group		
	30 Sept. 2013	31 Dec. 2012	30 Sept. 2012
<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>			
Commercial paper issued, nominal amount	218 808	244 092	270 085
Bond debt, nominal amount ²⁾	481 011	438 107	434 812
Adjustments	23 073	31 074	28 297
Total debt securities issued	722 891	713 273	733 194

Changes in debt securities issued	DNB Bank Group					
	Balance sheet 30 Sept. 2013	Issued 2013	Matured/ redeemed 2013	Exchange rate movements 2013	Other adjustments 2013	Balance sheet 31 Dec. 2012
<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>						
Commercial paper issued, nominal amount	218 808	675 849	701 503	369		244 092
Bond debt, nominal amount ²⁾	481 011	48 998	41 099	35 005		438 107
Adjustments	23 073				(8 001)	31 074
Total debt securities issued	722 891	724 846	742 602	35 375	(8 001)	713 273

Changes in subordinated loan capital and perpetual subordinated loan capital securities	DNB Bank Group					
	Balance sheet 30 Sept. 2013	Issued 2013	Matured/ redeemed 2013	Exchange rate movements 2013	Other adjustments 2013	Balance sheet 31 Dec. 2012
<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>						
Term subordinated loan capital, nominal amount	17 328	7 349	3 709	840		12 848
Perpetual subordinated loan capital, nominal amount	4 010			206		3 804
Perpetual subordinated loan capital securities, nominal amount ¹⁾	3 395			233		3 162
Adjustments	1 094				(181)	1 275
Total subordinated loan capital and perpetual subordinated loan capital securities	25 827	7 349	3 709	1 278	(181)	21 090

- 1) Perpetual subordinated loan capital securities are eligible for inclusion in core capital by an amount not exceeding 15 per cent of total core capital. The Norwegian FSA may require that the securities should be written down proportionally to equity if the bank's core capital ratio falls below 5 per cent or capital adequacy ratio falls below 8 per cent. Amounts written down on the securities must be revalued before the distribution of dividends to shareholders or revaluation of equity.
- 2) Minus own bonds. Nominal amount of outstanding covered bonds in DNB Boligkreditt totaled NOK 411.4 billion as at 30 September 2013. The cover pool market value represented NOK 526.3 billion.

Note 21 Capital adequacy

The DNB Bank Group follows the Basel II regulations for capital adequacy calculations. Valuation rules used in the statutory accounts form the basis for the consolidation, which is subject to special consolidation rules governed by the Consolidation Regulations. Capital adequacy is reported in accordance with regulations from Finanstilsynet.

DNB Bank ASA		Primary capital	DNB Bank Group	
31 Dec. 2012	30 Sept. 2013		30 Sept. 2013	31 Dec. 2012
		<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>		
18 314	18 314	Share capital	18 314	18 314
87 160	87 180	Other equity	92 224	98 280
105 474	105 494	Total equity	110 538	116 594
		Deductions		
(8)	(0)	Pension funds above pension commitments	(4)	(19)
(2 907)	(2 952)	Goodwill	(3 693)	(3 543)
(565)	(702)	Deferred tax assets	(1 368)	(1 055)
(1 092)	(948)	Other intangible assets	(1 861)	(1 822)
0	0	Group contribution, payable	0	(6 000)
0	0	Unrealised gains on fixed assets	(30)	(30)
(392)	0	50 per cent of investments in other financial institutions	0	(538)
(415)	(541)	50 per cent of expected losses exceeding actual losses, IRB portfolios	(724)	(626)
181	181	Adjustments for unrealised losses/(gains) on liabilities recorded at fair value	84	84
100 276	100 534	Common Equity Tier 1 capital	102 943	103 047
-	105 393	Common Equity Tier 1 capital incl. 50 per cent of profit for the period	108 253	-
3 162	3 395	Perpetual subordinated loan capital securities ^{1) 2)}	3 395	3 162
103 439	103 929	Tier 1 capital	106 338	106 209
-	108 788	Tier 1 capital incl. 50 per cent of profit for the period	111 648	-
3 804	4 010	Perpetual subordinated loan capital	4 010	3 804
12 848	16 598	Term subordinated loan capital ²⁾	16 745	13 081
		Deductions		
(392)	0	50 per cent of investments in other financial institutions	0	(538)
(415)	(541)	50 per cent of expected losses exceeding actual losses, IRB portfolios	(724)	(626)
		Additions		
0	0	45 per cent of unrealised gains on fixed assets	18	18
15 846	20 067	Tier 2 capital	20 050	15 740
119 285	123 996	Total eligible primary capital ³⁾	126 389	121 949
-	128 855	Total eligible primary capital incl. 50 per cent of profit for the period ³⁾	131 699	-
874 840	873 680	Risk-weighted volume, transitional rules	1 004 910	984 137
69 987	69 894	Minimum capital requirement	80 393	78 731
11.5	12.1	Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio, transitional rules (%)	10.8	10.5
11.8	12.5	Tier 1 capital ratio, transitional rules (%)	11.1	10.8
13.6	14.7	Capital ratio, transitional rules (%) ⁴⁾	13.1	12.4
-	11.5	Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio, transitional rules, excl. 50 per cent of profit for the period (%)	10.2	-
-	11.9	Tier 1 capital ratio, transitional rules, excl. 50 per cent of profit for the period (%)	10.6	-
-	14.2	Capital ratio, transitional rules, excl. 50 per cent of profit for the period (%)	12.6	-

1) Perpetual subordinated loan capital securities can represent up to 15 per cent of Tier 1 capital. The excess will qualify as Tier 2 capital.

2) As at 30 September 2013, calculations of capital adequacy for the banking group included a total of NOK 148 million in subordinated loan capital in associated companies.

3) Primary capital and nominal amounts used in calculating risk-weighted volume deviate from figures in the consolidated accounts since a different consolidation method is used. Associated companies are consolidated according to the pro-rata method in the capital adequacy calculations while the equity method is used in the accounts.

4) If 75 per cent of interim profits had been included, the capital ratios of DNB Bank ASA and the DNB Bank Group would have been 15.0 and 13.4 per cent, respectively, as at 30 September 2013.

Note 21 Capital adequacy (continued)

Basel II

The majority of the credit portfolios are reported according to the IRB approach. However, some portfolios are still subject to final IRB approval from Finanstilsynet. These are banks and financial institutions (DNB Bank) and large corporate clients rated by simulation models (DNB Bank). Credit portfolios in Nordlandsbanken (corporate clients and residential mortgages) will gradually be included in the volumes reported according to the IRB approach as and when they are transferred to the core system solutions and risk models in DNB Bank through 2013 and 2014.

Specification of risk-weighted volume and capital requirements

Amounts in NOK million	Nominal exposure 30 Sept. 2013	EAD ¹⁾ 30 Sept. 2013	Average risk weights in per cent 30 Sept. 2013	DNB Bank ASA		
				Risk-weighted volume 30 Sept. 2013	Capital requirements 30 Sept. 2013	Capital requirements 31 Dec. 2012
IRB approach						
Corporate	804 290	655 152	54.7	358 639	28 691	29 000
Specialised Lending (SL)	3 987	3 945	52.5	2 072	166	192
Retail - mortgage loans	77 462	77 462	22.2	17 203	1 376	1 336
Retail - other exposures	104 533	85 981	28.1	24 193	1 935	1 839
Securitisation	65 703	65 703	37.0	24 328	1 946	1 893
Total credit risk, IRB approach	1 055 975	888 242	48.0	426 436	34 115	34 260
Standardised approach						
Central government	63 932	61 089	0.1	42	3	7
Institutions	432 638	377 229	19.0	71 492	5 719	5 222
Corporate	218 028	181 626	97.2	176 496	14 120	15 793
Retail - mortgage loans	14 813	13 608	54.7	7 446	596	737
Retail - other exposures	54 269	18 655	74.5	13 906	1 113	1 080
Equity positions	71 663	71 663	100.3	71 898	5 752	4 310
Other assets	3 266	3 266	100.0	3 266	261	227
Total credit risk, standardised approach	858 610	727 135	47.4	344 547	27 564	27 377
Total credit risk	1 914 584	1 615 377	47.7	770 983	61 679	61 637
Market risk						
Position risk, debt instruments				36 114	2 889	3 253
Position risk, equity instruments				1 280	102	104
Currency risk				2 551	204	0
Commodity risk				51	4	5
Total market risk				39 996	3 200	3 362
Operational risk				63 133	5 051	5 051
Deductions				(432)	(35)	(63)
Total risk-weighted volume and capital requirements before transitional rules				873 680	69 894	69 987
Additional capital requirements according to transitional rules ²⁾					0	0
Total risk-weighted volume and capital requirements				873 680	69 894	69 987

1) EAD, exposure at default.

2) Due to transitional rules, the minimum capital adequacy requirements cannot be reduced below 80 per cent relative to the Basel I requirements.

Note 21 Capital adequacy (continued)

Specification of risk-weighted volume and capital requirements

	DNB Bank Group					
	Nominal exposure 30 Sept. 2013	EAD ¹⁾ 30 Sept. 2013	Average risk weights in per cent 30 Sept. 2013	Risk-weighted volume 30 Sept. 2013	Capital requirements 30 Sept. 2013	Capital requirements 31 Dec. 2012
<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>						
IRB approach						
Corporate	855 303	702 509	54.6	383 320	30 666	29 417
Specialised Lending (SL)	3 987	3 945	52.5	2 072	166	192
Retail - mortgage loans	612 974	612 974	11.3	69 026	5 522	5 655
Retail - other exposures	104 533	85 981	28.1	24 193	1 935	1 839
Securitisation	65 703	65 703	37.0	24 328	1 946	1 893
Total credit risk, IRB approach	1 642 501	1 471 112	34.2	502 940	40 235	38 997
Standardised approach						
Central government	69 479	75 018	0.1	79	6	10
Institutions	170 045	129 238	23.5	30 339	2 427	2 201
Corporate	302 938	237 565	93.8	222 729	17 818	19 421
Retail - mortgage loans	54 568	51 849	56.8	29 459	2 357	2 189
Retail - other exposures	72 206	33 786	76.3	25 776	2 062	1 872
Equity positions	3 095	3 095	107.6	3 330	266	250
Securitisation	3 080	3 080	18.1	556	44	69
Other assets	11 578	11 578	100.0	11 578	926	804
Total credit risk, standardised approach	686 990	545 209	59.4	323 846	25 908	26 816
Total credit risk	2 329 491	2 016 321	41.0	826 786	66 143	65 813
Market risk						
Position risk, debt instruments				32 619	2 609	3 110
Position risk, equity instruments				1 280	102	104
Currency risk				2 577	206	0
Commodity risk				51	4	5
Total market risk				36 527	2 922	3 219
Operational risk				71 753	5 740	5 740
Deductions				(703)	(56)	(113)
Total risk-weighted volume and capital requirements before transitional rules				934 363	74 749	74 660
Additional capital requirements according to transitional rules ²⁾				70 547	5 644	4 071
Total risk-weighted volume and capital requirements				1 004 910	80 393	78 731

1) EAD, exposure at default.

2) Due to transitional rules, the minimum capital adequacy requirements cannot be reduced below 80 per cent relative to the Basel I requirements.

Note 22 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the banking group will be unable to meet its payment obligations. Overall liquidity management in the banking group implies that DNB Bank ASA is responsible for funding domestic subsidiaries, as well as international branches and subsidiaries. Liquidity risk is managed and measured by means of various measurement techniques.

The Board of Directors has approved internal limits which restrict the short-term maturity of liabilities within different time frames. The various maturities are subject to stress testing based on a bank-specific crisis and a systemic crisis and a combination thereof, and a contingency plan has been established to handle market events. In addition, limits have been approved for structural liquidity risk, which implies that lending to customers should largely be financed through customer deposits, subordinated capital and long-term funding. Ordinary senior bond debt and covered bonds are the major sources of long-term funding. The banking group's ratio of deposits to net loans was 69.6 per cent at end-September 2013, up from 64.5 per cent a year earlier. The ratio of deposits to net loans in DNB Bank ASA was 127.5 per cent at end-September 2013.

Throughout the third quarter, the short-term funding markets were generally sound for banks with good credit ratings. An increasing number of banks are now regarded as financially strong, and the banking group is still among these banks.

The long-term funding markets were also strong throughout the third quarter. The prices of both senior and covered bonds remained stable at a relatively favourable level. An improvement in the US economy could result in further signals from the FED to reduce its quantitative stimulus. In turn, this could trigger renewed interest rate turmoil in the markets for the remainder of the year.

The average remaining term to maturity for the portfolio of senior bond debt was 4.5 years at end-September 2013, compared with 4.6 years a year earlier. The banking group aims to achieve a sound and stable maturity structure for funding over the next five years.

Note 23 Information on related parties

Major transactions and agreements with related parties:

Eksportfinans ASA

DNB Bank ASA has a 40 per cent ownership interest in Eksportfinans.

Financial market turbulence resulted in sizeable unrealised losses in Eksportfinans' liquidity portfolio in the first quarter of 2008. In order to ensure an adequate capital base for the company, its Board of Directors implemented three measures:

- A share issue of NOK 1.2 billion aimed at the company's owners was implemented, and all owners participated based on their proportional shares.
- A portfolio hedge agreement was entered into, and the owners were invited to participate. DNB Bank ASA's share of the agreement corresponded to 40.43 per cent. The agreement secures Eksportfinans against further decreases in portfolio values of up to NOK 5 billion effective from 29 February 2008. Any recovery of values relative to nominal values will accrue to the participants in the portfolio hedge agreement as payment for their hedging commitment.
- During the first quarter of 2008, Eksportfinans' largest owner banks, DNB Bank ASA, Nordea Bank AB and Danske Bank A/S, approved a committed credit line giving the company access to a liquidity reserve of up to USD 4 billion. The agreement must be renewed yearly, with the first renewal in June 2009. The renewal in 2010 resulted in a reduction in the limit for the liquidity reserve to USD 2 billion. DNB Bank ASA's share of this agreement represents approximately USD 1.1 billion. Eksportfinans has not availed itself of this credit line.

DNB Bank ASA carries loans in its balance sheets which according to a legal agreement have been transferred to Eksportfinans and are guaranteed by DNB Bank ASA. Pursuant to the agreement, the bank still carries interest rate risk and credit risk associated with the transferred portfolio. According to the IFRS regulations, the loans have therefore not been removed from the balance sheet of the bank. These portfolios totalled NOK 3.2 billion at end-September 2013. The loans are set off by deposits/payments from Eksportfinans. DNB Bank ASA has also issued guarantees for other loans in Eksportfinans.

The framework agreement between DNB Bank ASA and Eksportfinans for the sale and repurchase of securities was terminated on 11 September 2013. At end-June 2013, Eksportfinans had drawn EUR 600 million under the agreement.

The transactions with Eksportfinans have been entered into on ordinary market terms as if they had taken place between independent parties.

DNB Boligkreditt AS

DNB Boligkreditt (Boligkreditt) is 100 per cent owned by DNB Bank ASA. As part of ordinary business transactions, a large number of banking transactions are entered into between Boligkreditt and the bank, including loans, deposits and financial derivatives used in currency and interest rate risk management. Transactions are carried out on market terms and are regulated in the "Agreement relating to transfer of loan portfolio between DNB Bank ASA and DNB Boligkreditt AS" (the transfer agreement) and the "Contract between DNB Bank ASA and DNB Boligkreditt AS concerning purchase of management services" (the servicing agreement).

The transfer agreement regulates the transfer of loan portfolios qualifying as collateral for the issue of covered bonds. In the period 2008 to 2012, portfolios representing NOK 286.7 billion were transferred from DNB Bank ASA and Nordlandsbanken to Boligkreditt. In the period January through September 2013, portfolios representing NOK 13.4 billion were transferred. The transfers are based on market terms.

Pursuant to the servicing agreement, Boligkreditt purchases services from the bank, including administration, bank production, distribution, customer contact, IT operations and financial and liquidity management. Boligkreditt pays an annual management fee for these services. The fee paid for the period January through September 2013 totalled NOK 3.9 billion.

At end-September 2013 the bank had invested NOK 87.0 billion in covered bonds issued by Boligkreditt. The bank has used bonds issued by Boligkreditt as security for Treasury bills purchased from Norges Bank as part of the stimulus package for the Norwegian financial services industry.

DNB Næringskreditt AS

DNB Næringskreditt (Næringskreditt) is 100 per cent owned by DNB Bank ASA. The mortgage institution was established to issue covered bonds secured by a cover pool comprising commercial property.

The company started operations in the third quarter of 2009. At end-September 2013, commitments with a total value of NOK 22.0 billion had been transferred from the bank to Næringskreditt. The portfolio is diversified with respect to property types, sizes and locations. The transfers are made in agreement with the customers and are based on market terms. Like Boligkreditt, Næringskreditt purchases management and administrative services from the bank. In addition, administrative services relating to the company's operations are purchased from Boligkreditt. The fee paid to the bank and Boligkreditt for the period January through September 2013 totalled NOK 59.4 million.

Note 23 Information on related parties (continued)

DNB Livsforsikring ASA

As part of the company's ordinary investment activity, DNB Livsforsikring has subscribed for covered bonds issued by Boligkreditt. DNB Livsforsikring's investments in Boligkreditt are limited to listed covered bonds. DNB Livsforsikring's holding of Boligkreditt bonds was valued at NOK 4.6 billion at end-September 2013.

DNB Bank ASA has sold foreign currency loans guaranteed by GIEK, the Norwegian Guarantee Institute for Export Credits, to DNB Livsforsikring. At end-September 2013, the recorded value of these loans was NOK 219 million. In connection with the sale, interest rate and currency swaps were entered into, protecting DNB Livsforsikring against currency risk and providing a total return based on Norwegian interest rates. The bank still carries interest rate, settlement and credit risk associated with the relevant loans. According to the IFRS regulations, the loans have therefore not been removed from the balance sheet. The set-offs to the loans are recorded as deposits from customers.

In connection with the restructuring of the Group, the Sales Division in DNB Livsforsikring was transferred to Wealth Management in DNB Bank ASA with effect from 1 September 2013. The division has 84 full-time positions. The value of the transferred operations was NOK 9.2 million, which corresponds to the assumed market value. Parallel to the transfer of the division's employees, the bank and DNB Livsforsikring entered into an agreement to ensure that DNB Livsforsikring will maintain a well-functioning distribution network after the transfer.

DNB Livsforsikring has entered into an agreement to purchase three buildings in Bjørvika in Oslo which will become DNB's new head office. Two buildings have been completed, while the last one is scheduled for completion in 2014.

DNB has entered into an agreement to lease the three buildings as and when they are completed. The lease agreement will run for 15 years after the completion of the buildings. After the first lease period, DNB has the right to extend the contract period for five years and for another five years after the expiry of the first extension period.

The transactions with DNB Livsforsikring have been entered into on ordinary market terms as if they had taken place between independent parties.

Stimulus packages

On 24 October 2008, the Norwegian parliament authorised the Ministry of Finance to launch a scheme whereby the government and the banks exchange Treasury bills for covered bonds for an agreed period. Norges Bank administers the scheme on commission from the Ministry of Finance.

Under the swap scheme, the government sells Treasury bills to the banks in a time-limited swap for covered bonds. The banks have free disposal over the Treasury bills they acquire and may sell them in the market if they so wish. Treasury bill maturities are between three and six months. The swap agreements last for periods of up to five years, and the banks undertake to purchase new Treasury bills as and when the Treasury bills reach maturity during the agreement period. The Treasury bills are priced at NIBOR plus a premium corresponding to the margin at the time the agreement was concluded. As an additional requirement, there must be a spread of minimum 40 basis points between the agreed interest rate and the Treasury bill yield. Upon expiry of the agreements, the banks are under an obligation to repurchase the covered bonds from the government at the original selling price.

DNB Bank ASA has purchased bonds from Boligkreditt, which have been used as collateral for swap agreements with Norges Bank. The bank is required to repurchase the covered bonds at the original selling price. The bank receives yield from the covered bonds as if they never had been sold. The accounting treatment of sales of financial instruments where the seller retains substantially all the risks and returns associated with the instrument, is described in IAS 39.20 Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement. The bank is of the opinion that the requirement for transfer of risk and returns associated with the bonds in accordance with this standard have not been fulfilled, and that the bonds thus cannot be derecognised from the balance sheet of the bank. On a consolidated basis, the bonds are treated as own bonds and netted against issued bonds in Boligkreditt.

In practice, the swap agreements imply that the bank purchases Treasury bills from Norges Bank. These are initially recorded as investments in Treasury bills. The obligation to repurchase the bonds at a price corresponding to the value of the Treasury bills is recorded as funding from Norges Bank. At end-September 2013, this funding represented NOK 42.7 billion. At end-September 2013, the bank's investments in Treasury bills used in the swap agreements represented NOK 44.0 billion.

DNB Singapore Branch and DNB Asia Ltd.

During the first quarter of 2013, an agreement was entered into between DNB Singapore Branch and DNB Asia Ltd. which implies that DNB Asia Ltd. will take over the right to extend loans to the branch's new and existing customers. The branch will remain responsible for risk and returns related to the relevant loans until the transfer to DNB Asia Ltd. takes place. At end-September 2013, existing loans with a total value of USD 2.4 billion were transferred. The agreement was entered into on market terms.

Note 24 Off-balance sheet transactions, contingencies and post-balance sheet events

Off-balance sheet transactions and additional information

DNB Bank ASA				DNB Bank Group		
30 Sept. 2012	31 Dec. 2012	30 Sept. 2013	Amounts in NOK million	30 Sept. 2013	31 Dec. 2012	30 Sept. 2012
42 943	41 752	42 464	Performance guarantees	44 793	42 729	44 273
22 735	22 006	22 585	Payment guarantees	22 560	22 716	24 106
20 967	19 236	19 213	Loan guarantees ¹⁾	19 213	19 236	18 679
6 436	6 635	6 678	Guarantees for taxes etc.	6 701	6 658	6 508
2 163	2 188	2 042	Other guarantee commitments	2 182	2 405	2 525
95 244	91 817	92 983	Total guarantee commitments	95 449	93 743	96 091
0	0	0	Support agreements	11 241	10 863	10 551
95 244	91 817	92 983	Total guarantee commitments etc. ¹⁾	106 690	104 606	106 642
458 732	460 733	542 982	Unutilised credit lines and loan offers	546 273	492 947	499 838
2 197	2 147	2 628	Documentary credit commitments	2 752	2 219	2 365
149	151	0	Other commitments	72	221	279
461 078	463 031	545 610	Total commitments	549 097	495 387	502 482
556 322	554 848	638 593	Total guarantee and off-balance commitments	655 787	599 993	609 124
95 038	94 871	88 377	Pledged securities	88 377	94 871	95 038
1 228	1 131	3	<i>*) Of which counter-guaranteed by financial institutions</i>	126	1 139	1 237

1) DNB Bank ASA carries loans in its balance sheet that subject to legal agreement have been transferred to Eksportfinans and for which the bank has issued guarantees. According to the agreement, DNB Bank ASA still carries interest rate risk and credit risk for the transferred portfolio. Customer loans in the portfolio totalling NOK 3.2 billion were recorded in the balance sheet as at 30 September 2013. These loans are not included under guarantees in the table.

Contingencies

Due to its extensive operations in Norway and abroad, the DNB Group will regularly be party to a number of legal actions. None of the current disputes are expected to have any material impact on the Group's financial position.

On 22 March 2013, the Norwegian Supreme Court ruled against DNB in the civil action brought against the bank by Ivar Petter Røeggen, claiming that two debt-financed investments in structured products be declared null and void. In accordance with the reasoning for the judgment, DNB made provisions of NOK 450 million in the first quarter of 2013 to cover possible compensation payments to customers who have made debt-financed investments in certain structured products. The DNB Group is also involved in other legal disputes relating to structured products.

DNB Bank ASA has brought an action against seven Norwegian municipalities for the settlement of interest swaps on commercial terms. The municipalities have stopped their payments under the agreements citing that full settlement took place upon payment of the residual value of the investments made. The bank's total claim in the civil action is NOK 825 million plus interest on overdue payments.

A civil action has been brought before a US court of law against DNB Markets Inc. (Minc) and the other arrangers of a USD 300 million Senior Note issue in 2010 on behalf of Overseas Shipholding Group (OSG). Minc's share of the note issue was approximately USD 19 million, representing around 6.25 per cent.

Post-balance sheet events

No information has come to light about important circumstances which had occurred on the balance sheet date on 30 September 2013 and up till the Board of Directors' final consideration of the accounts on 23 October 2013.

Key figures

	DNB Bank Group				
	3rd quarter	3rd quarter	January - September	Full year	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2012
Interest rate analyses					
1. Combined weighted total average spread for lending and deposits (%)	1.28	1.17	1.25	1.16	1.18
2. Average spread for ordinary lending to customers (%)	2.41	2.00	2.30	1.93	1.99
3. Average spread for deposits from customers (%)	(0.29)	(0.12)	(0.27)	(0.07)	(0.12)
Rate of return/profitability					
4. Net other operating income, per cent of total income	29.3	30.0	30.2	29.3	30.1
5. Cost/income ratio (%)	44.4	47.8	48.3	49.1	48.5
6. Return on equity, annualised (%)	14.6	12.2	12.0	11.9	11.8
Financial strength at end of period					
7. Common equity Tier 1 capital ratio, transitional rules (%) ¹⁾	10.8	10.0	10.8	10.0	10.5
8. Tier 1 capital ratio, transitional rules (%) ¹⁾	11.1	10.6	11.1	10.6	10.8
9. Capital ratio, transitional rules (%) ¹⁾	13.1	12.3	13.1	12.3	12.4
10. Common equity Tier 1 capital (NOK million) ¹⁾	108 253	101 262	108 253	101 262	103 047
11. Risk-weighted volume, transitional rules (NOK million)	1 004 910	997 151	1 004 910	997 151	984 137
Loan portfolio and impairment					
12. Individual impairment relative to average net loans to customers, annualised (%)	0.20	0.20	0.21	0.20	0.22
13. Impairment relative to average net loans to customers, annualised	0.14	0.16	0.22	0.20	0.24
14. Net non-performing and net doubtful loans and guarantees, per cent of net loans	1.69	1.46	1.69	1.46	1.48
15. Net non-performing and net doubtful loans and guarantees at end of period (NOK million)	22 907	19 626	22 907	19 626	19 740
Liquidity					
16. Ratio of customer deposits to net loans to customers at end of period (%)	69.6	64.5	69.6	64.5	62.6
Staff					
17. Number of full-time positions at end of period	11 513	12 391	11 513	12 391	12 274

1) Including 50 per cent of profit for the period, except for the full year figures.

Definitions

- 1, 2, 3 Based on nominal values excluding impaired loans, measured against the 3-month money market rate.
 5 Total operating expenses relative to total income. Total expenses exclude impairment losses for goodwill and other intangible assets.
 6 Average equity is calculated on the basis of recorded equity.

Profit and balance sheet trends

Income statement

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	DNB Bank ASA				
	3rd quarter 2013	2nd quarter 2013	1st quarter 2013	4th quarter 2012	3rd quarter 2012
Total interest income	10 812	10 745	10 716	12 032	11 999
Total interest expenses	5 341	5 285	5 564	6 146	6 562
Net interest income	5 472	5 460	5 151	5 887	5 437
Commission and fee income etc.	1 425	1 457	1 248	1 446	1 265
Commission and fee expenses etc.	523	491	471	495	494
Net gains on financial instruments at fair value	1 224	1 618	1 097	1 487	1 756
Other income	2 016	1 735	1 493	1 853	1 093
Net other operating income	4 142	4 318	3 367	4 290	3 619
Total income	9 614	9 778	8 518	10 177	9 057
Salaries and other personnel expenses	2 169	2 526	1 977	2 135	2 085
Other expenses	1 616	1 480	1 936	1 627	1 454
Depreciation and impairment of fixed and intangible assets	433	526	438	612	469
Total operating expenses	4 219	4 532	4 350	4 373	4 008
Pre-tax operating profit before impairment	5 395	5 246	4 168	5 803	5 048
Net gains on fixed and intangible assets	16	(24)	16	(1)	0
Impairment of loans and guarantees	161	734	663	1 186	521
Pre-tax operating profit	5 249	4 488	3 521	4 616	4 527
Taxes	1 249	1 283	1 007	1 104	1 270
Profit for the period	4 000	3 204	2 514	3 512	3 257

Earnings/diluted earnings per share (NOK)

Comprehensive income statement

<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>	DNB Bank ASA				
	3rd quarter 2013	2nd quarter 2013	1st quarter 2013	4th quarter 2012	3rd quarter 2012
Profit for the period	4 000	3 204	2 514	3 512	3 257
Actuarial gains and losses	(463)	506	0	3 442	(36)
Tax on actuarial gains and losses	130	(142)	0	(942)	10
Other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax	(333)	364	0	2 499	(26)
Currency translation of foreign operations	81	186	102	(88)	(49)
Other comprehensive income that may subsequently be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax	81	186	102	(88)	(49)
Other comprehensive income for the period	(252)	550	102	2 412	(75)
Comprehensive income for the period	3 748	3 754	2 616	5 924	3 182

Profit and balance sheet trends (continued)

Balance sheet	DNB Bank ASA				
	30 Sept. 2013	30 June 2013	31 March 2013	31 Dec. 2012	30 Sept. 2012
<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>					
Assets					
Cash and deposits with central banks	398 981	479 067	394 835	296 158	364 635
Due from credit institutions	208 403	209 031	209 381	208 646	226 563
Loans to customers	703 125	725 111	724 382	713 743	692 744
Commercial paper and bonds at fair value	271 899	258 547	256 855	241 728	215 804
Shareholdings	10 285	8 994	10 340	9 864	8 075
Financial derivatives	100 743	107 540	113 755	120 511	124 449
Commercial paper and bonds, held to maturity	66 059	68 456	68 734	71 288	104 704
Investments in associated companies	1 080	1 070	1 146	1 141	1 140
Investments in subsidiaries	67 848	51 289	50 038	49 896	43 471
Intangible assets	3 899	3 892	3 957	3 999	3 435
Deferred tax assets	702	679	653	630	3
Fixed assets	6 847	6 748	6 707	6 575	6 077
Other assets	19 934	17 587	18 668	12 662	19 329
Total assets	1 859 804	1 938 011	1 859 450	1 736 840	1 810 429
Liabilities and equity					
Due to credit institutions	305 232	345 824	359 158	283 093	302 446
Deposits from customers	896 184	966 658	862 164	787 245	802 362
Financial derivatives	101 266	101 425	93 318	92 653	95 305
Debt securities issued	382 639	368 239	375 939	414 998	445 288
Payable taxes	3 775	2 668	5 464	4 253	3 416
Deferred taxes	1 319	1 452	1 409	1 405	1 637
Other liabilities	23 235	16 651	30 655	23 015	22 439
Provisions	1 843	1 799	1 593	643	555
Pension commitments	3 282	2 711	3 429	3 353	6 711
Subordinated loan capital	25 819	19 118	18 610	21 090	25 796
Total liabilities	1 744 592	1 826 546	1 751 740	1 631 746	1 705 954
Share capital	18 314	18 314	18 314	18 314	18 314
Share premium reserve	19 895	19 895	19 895	19 895	19 895
Other equity	77 004	73 256	69 501	66 885	66 265
Total equity	115 213	111 465	107 711	105 094	104 475
Total liabilities and equity	1 859 804	1 938 011	1 859 450	1 736 840	1 810 429

Profit and balance sheet trends (continued)

Income statement	DNB Bank Group				
	3rd quarter 2013	2nd quarter 2013	1st quarter 2013	4th quarter 2012	3rd quarter 2012
<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>					
Total interest income	15 436	15 107	14 695	15 107	16 045
Total interest expenses	7 492	7 569	7 767	7 926	9 126
Net interest income	7 944	7 538	6 928	7 181	6 919
Commission and fee income etc.	1 662	1 670	1 445	1 613	1 522
Commission and fee expenses etc.	546	512	492	507	516
Net gains on financial instruments at fair value	1 249	1 345	1 067	1 348	933
Profit from companies accounted for by the equity method	99	70	74	177	246
Net gains on investment property	(23)	4	12	(16)	4
Other income	849	913	819	795	783
Net other operating income	3 291	3 489	2 927	3 410	2 971
Total income	11 235	11 027	9 855	10 592	9 890
Salaries and other personnel expenses	2 566	2 951	2 364	2 466	2 525
Other expenses	1 941	1 851	2 299	1 934	1 771
Depreciation and impairment of fixed and intangible assets	479	563	498	592	521
Total operating expenses	4 986	5 365	5 161	4 992	4 817
Pre-tax operating profit before impairment	6 250	5 663	4 694	5 599	5 074
Net gains on fixed and intangible assets	2	(10)	4	(65)	20
Impairment of loans and guarantees	475	937	737	1 190	521
Pre-tax operating profit	5 777	4 716	3 961	4 345	4 572
Taxes	1 375	1 335	1 121	1 094	1 253
Profit from operations held for sale, after taxes	(7)	(7)	10	4	0
Profit for the period	4 395	3 374	2 850	3 255	3 319

Comprehensive income statement	DNB Bank Group				
	3rd quarter 2013	2nd quarter 2013	1st quarter 2013	4th quarter 2012	3rd quarter 2012
<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>					
Profit for the period	4 395	3 374	2 850	3 255	3 319
Actuarial gains and losses	(463)	506	0	3 551	(38)
Tax on actuarial gains and losses	130	(142)	0	(973)	11
Other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax	(333)	364	0	2 578	(27)
Currency translation of foreign operations	119	115	84	(89)	(65)
Other comprehensive income that may subsequently be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax	119	115	84	(89)	(65)
Other comprehensive income for the period	(214)	479	84	2 489	(92)
Comprehensive income for the period	4 181	3 853	2 934	5 744	3 227

Profit and balance sheet trends (continued)

Balance sheet	DNB Bank Group				
	30 Sept. 2013	30 June 2013	31 March 2013	31 Dec. 2012	30 Sept. 2012
<i>Amounts in NOK million</i>					
Assets					
Cash and deposits with central banks	401 560	481 844	397 835	298 892	367 409
Due from credit institutions	25 928	48 453	57 569	33 373	38 933
Loans to customers	1 342 531	1 339 427	1 326 159	1 308 864	1 319 229
Commercial paper and bonds at fair value	186 515	175 699	173 843	160 664	137 013
Shareholdings	10 724	9 443	10 783	10 290	8 522
Financial derivatives	89 335	95 247	93 905	95 890	100 636
Commercial paper and bonds, held to maturity	66 059	68 456	68 734	71 288	104 704
Investment property	4 591	4 440	4 229	5 034	5 125
Investments in associated companies	3 012	2 919	2 946	2 866	2 778
Intangible assets	4 943	4 855	4 829	4 826	4 915
Deferred tax assets	1 358	1 307	1 264	1 112	624
Fixed assets	7 664	7 523	7 478	7 311	6 956
Assets held for sale	213	211	150	417	15
Other assets	21 271	17 616	18 878	12 619	20 025
Total assets	2 165 705	2 257 439	2 168 604	2 013 444	2 116 883
Liabilities and equity					
Due to credit institutions	260 903	318 504	336 528	251 388	293 530
Deposits from customers	934 477	1 005 181	897 124	819 945	850 652
Financial derivatives	63 744	70 461	64 174	63 193	65 928
Debt securities issued	722 891	700 252	694 807	713 273	733 194
Payable taxes	4 265	3 040	8 377	6 940	2 944
Deferred taxes	1 609	1 751	1 571	1 630	2 908
Other liabilities	25 449	17 814	23 523	15 553	23 894
Liabilities held for sale	73	68	30	76	0
Provisions	1 924	1 474	1 225	724	629
Pension commitments	3 384	2 801	3 510	3 442	6 960
Subordinated loan capital	25 827	19 118	18 610	21 090	25 799
Total liabilities	2 044 547	2 140 463	2 049 480	1 897 255	2 006 437
Share capital	18 314	18 314	18 314	18 314	18 314
Share premium reserve	20 611	20 611	20 611	20 611	20 611
Other equity	82 232	78 051	80 198	77 264	71 521
Total equity	121 158	116 977	119 123	116 190	110 446
Total liabilities and equity	2 165 705	2 257 439	2 168 604	2 013 444	2 116 883

Information about the DNB Bank Group

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DNB Bank ASA

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Jarle Berge, vice-chairman
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Financial calendar 2014

Preliminary results 2013 and fourth quarter 2013	6 February
First quarter 2014	8 May
Second quarter 2014	10 July
Third quarter 2014	23 October

Other sources of information

Annual and quarterly reports

Separate annual and quarterly reports are prepared for the DNB Group, DNB Boligkreditt, DNB Næringskreditt and DNB Livsforsikring. The reports are available on dnb.no. Annual and quarterly reports can be ordered by sending an e-mail to investor.relations@dnb.no.

The quarterly report has been produced by Group Financial Reporting in DNB. Translation: Gina Fladmoe, DNB.

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